# The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 28. 1876.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. X, NO. 17
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLI, NO. 11



## THE COLUMBIAN,

(COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance —$2 24 if not paid in advance and $2.50 if payment be delayed be ond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

## JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.



### Rates of Advertising.

One inch, (twelve lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

| SPACE. | 1W. | 2W. | 3M. | 6M. | 1Y. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| One inch | $2.50 | $3.00 | $4.00 | $6.00 | $10.00 |
| Two inches | 3.50 | 5.0 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 15.00 |
| Three inches | 5.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 13.00 | 18.00 |
| Four inches | 7.00 | 9.00 | 11.00 | 17.00 | 25.00 |
| Quarter column | 10.00 | 12.00 | 14.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 |
| Half column | 15.00 | 18.00 | 20.00 | 30.00 | 60.00 |
| One column | 30.00 | 35.00 | 40.00 | 60.00 | 100.00 |

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.


### BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb. 19, 1875-tf

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

#### MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

H. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main street, above Court House.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc., Main street.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provisions, &c., Main and Centre streets.

#### BOOTS AND SHOES.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries, etc., Main st., East Bloomsburg.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

#### CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

#### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. R. IKELER, Attorney at Law, Rooms in Exchange Block, 2d floor, Bloomsburg, Pa. ss

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5. Oct. 15, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

THOMAS WEBB, Confectionery and Baker, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three-story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

### ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

A. B. HERRING, Carpenter and builder Main street below Pine.

### BUCK HORN.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise.

### CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second street, Robbins' building.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. cm-38

NOTICE.

From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set metre's at four dollars each.

The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.

Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.
Oct. 15, '75. C. W. MILLER, Sect.


## Centennial Prices, 1876.

PLANTS BY MAIL,

Postpaid to any address in the United States.

For 25 cts. 1 New Geranium, double or single.
" 25 cts. 2 Older Varieties, " " "
" 50 cts. 1 Geranium, 1 Ageratum, 1 Coleus, 1 Verbena, 1 Sage, 1 Fuschia.
" $1.00, 2 Ageratum, 2 Geranium, 2 Sages, 2 Coleus, Heliotrope, 4 Verbenas.

By express, box and packing free, for $5.00.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 12 | Verbenas, in variety. | 2 | Dahlias, |
| 6 | Geraniums, " | 2 | Fuchsias, |
| 6 | Coleus, " | 2 | Hardy Pinks, |
| 6 | Sages, " | 2 | Cigar Plants, |
| 6 | Ageratums, " | 2 | Chrysanthemums, |
| 4 | Heliotropes, " | 2 | Basket Plants, |
| 2 | Bouvardias, | 2 | Carnations, |
| 2 | Begonias, | 1 | Century Plant, |
| 1 | Rose, | 2 | Alternantheras, |
| 2 | Lantanas, | 2 | Ivies. |

Orders received for Trees, Shrubs and Evergreens. Cash to accompany all orders.

Address DAVID CLIFFE,
Riverside, Nurseries,
Riverside, North'd Co. Pa.

April 21.-3m.

PERFECTION IN IMPROVEMENT SECURED

"COHANSEY" PROTECTOR

GLASS TOPS IN ONE PIECE. METAL

WARRANTED RELIABLE

HANDSOMEST CHEAPEST

FRUIT JARS

GLASS ONLY IN CONTACT WITH FRUIT

ANTI-RUST LINED METAL TOPS

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE PHILADA 1824 AMERICAN INSTITUTE NEWYORK 1875

COHANSEY GLASS MF'G CO.
MFR'S WINDOW GLASS, BOTTLES &C.
PHILADELPHIA

April 14-1w

TO THE AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE.—There is no class of diseases that require more experience to treat successfully than those of a private character. Many physicians suppose that when the primary symptoms are removed, the disease or poison has been overcome. Such is not the case. The difficulties, or the various stages of the disease are then to succeed. The parts first attacked are the throat, nose, mouth, tongue, skin, bones, bones, ligaments, eyes, ears, &c. Frequently these symptoms are treated by physicians as simple ailments, until some of the important organs of the body become involved, when death relieves the sufferer. DR. H. W. LOUIS, having made all private diseases a study, guarantees a speedy and permanent cure with purely vegetable medicines. Medical advice and drug store, No. 631 North Fifteenth Street. Hours, 10 till 1 and 4 to 6 p. m.

March 31, 76-1y.


### BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. A. L. TURNER,
Residence on Market Street one door below D. J. Waller's.
Office over Klein's Drug Store. Office hours from 1 to 4 p. m. for treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear and Throat.
All calls night or day promptly attended to.
Apr.23'75-tf

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74—y Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. B. F. GARDNER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office above J. Schuyler & Son's Hardware Store.
Apr.23'75-tf

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building.
Sept. 18,1875.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July1,73—y

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House
Mar.6,'74—y

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building. April 10,'74—y

A. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.

A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. July1,'73—y

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Apr. 14,'76-1y.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. 1y—38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America.
Agents for Continental Life Insurance Company of New York. Assets nearly $7,000,000. The best in the country. Send for descriptive pamphlet. tf

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, '76-1y.


## HARMAN & HASSERT.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS,

AND

## IRON-SMITHS.

East Street, below Rail Road,

BLOOMSBUG, PA.

We respectfully call public attention to the following facts that: They manufacture first class

MINE CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

and all kinds of Coal Breaker Castings. They also make all kinds of Car, Machine, Bridge and other castings used by contractors generally. They also manufacture

HEATING AND COOK STOVES,

and are prepared to furnish all kinds of repairs, such as Grates, Lids, Fire Brick, Stretchers, &c. They keep constantly on hand

PLOWS AND PLOW POINTS.

Large Iron Kettles, Farmers' Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, Cellar Grates, &c. They are also prepared to furnish

Saw and Grist Mill Machinery,

Shafting, Pulley's, &c. They pay special attention to

Repairing Threshing Machines

Reapers, &c.

The Proprietors are both practical mechanics, Try them.

Dec. 2,1875-6m


AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.

GILMORE & CO., successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co., Solicitors. Patents procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. By a recent decision of the Commissioner, ALL rejected applications may be revived. Special attention given to interference cases before the Patent office, extensions before Congress, infringement suits in different States, and all litigation appertaining to inventions or patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of sixty pages.

LAND CASES, LAND WARRANTS AND SCRIP.

Contested land cases prosecuted before the U. S. General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private land claims, mining and pre-emption claims, and homestead cases attended to. Land scrip in 40, 80 and 160 acre pieces for sale. This scrip is assignable, and can be located in the name of the purchaser upon any Government land subject to private entry, at $1.25 per acre. It is of equal value with bounty land Warrants. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of instructions.

ARREARS OF PAY AND BOUNTY.

Officers, soldiers and sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and a full reply, after examination, will be given you free.

PENSIONS.

All officers, soldiers and sailors wounded, ruptured or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co

Cases prosecuted by Gilmore & Co. before the supreme court of the United States, the court of claims, and the southern claims commission.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under charge of the same experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to GILMORE & CO. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it. Address,

GILMORE & CO.,
629 F street, Washington, D. C.
Jan 21,'76-1f.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

| | Capital. |
|---|---|
| Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut | 6,500,000 |
| Liverpool, London and Globe | 10,000,000 |
| Royal of Liverpool | 13,500,000 |
| Lancashire | 16,000, 00 |
| Fire Association, Philadelphia | 3,100,000 |
| American of Philadelphia | 1,500,000 |
| Atlas of Hartford | 2 0,000 |
| Wyoming, of Wilkes Barre | 221,000 |
| Farmers Mutual of Danville | 1,000,000 |
| Danville Mutual | 75,000 |
| Home, New York | 5,0 0,000 |
| Commercia, Union | 17,000,000 |
| | $119,956,500 |

March 26,'75—y

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. March 10, 76-1y.

### BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875-


CARRIAGE

MANUFACTORY

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

HAVE on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both PLAIN and FANCY,

Warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles well and carefully made and of the best material.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country.

Oct. 8, 1875—tf.

WANTED,



1,000 GOOD MEN

to call at

CROSSLEY'S CARRIAGE SHOP

to inspect his work, and he will guarantee you can make $20 on a first class Top Buggy if you buy of him for cash. I offer for sale at cost,

TEN BUGGIES,
2 PHAETONS,
7 SHIFTING TOP & OPEN BUGGIES

The price of my wagons is as follows:

3 Phaetons, Sarvent pat. wheels, gum top, one for $175, cost.
2 Piano box, portable top, pat. wheels, gum top, one for $175, cost.
5 Piano box, open, patent wheels, steel tire, one for $125, cost.
3 Platform spring wagons, patent wheels, 2 seats, one for $165, cost.

As I am closing out my business the offer I make will stand till the first of July. All work warranted to stand, and are made of good material.

A. S. CROSSLEY.

March 31—3m.


### MISCELLANEOUS.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., B. Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached. October 8, '75-tf

CENTRAL HOTEL,
A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE,
Oct. 8,'75ly JOHN LAYCOCK, Prop'r.

NEW SALOON AND RESTAURANT.

The undersigned has opened a first-class Eating House in the Exchange Block, formerly occupied by R. Stohner, where his customers will find every thing in his line.

MILTON CHARLES.

Feb 18-3m.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct 1, '75 ly

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

Opposite the Court House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county

W. B. KOONS, Proprietor.

Oct. 8,'75-1y

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved FONCELAIN TEETH, which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Office a few doors above the Court House, same side. Oct. 8 75

E. J. THORNTON would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,

FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,

and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8,'75

NOTICE.

The Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co.

Hereby give notice that on or before the first of May next,

They will open a Passenger Station in Fairmount Park, upon the line of the Junction Railroad, in close proximity to Memorial Hall and other principal buildings of the CENTENNIAL INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

And that regular passenger and excursion trains will thereafter be run between the new station and the various points upon their several railway lines.

The attention of citizens of Philadelphia looking for summer residences, and of strangers desiring to secure houses or lodging in the vicinity of Philadelphia during the period of the Exhibition, is called to the fact that, from nearly all places upon the Railroads of the Company within twenty or thirty miles of the city, passengers will be able to reach the Exhibition without change of cars in as short a time as it will require to make the trip by horse cars from many points in the city.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TRAINS WILL BE RUN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF SCHOOLS, SOCIETIES OR OTHER ASSOCIATIONS.

For information apply to C. G. Hancock, General Ticket Agent, No. 228 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, and to the several local superintendents, and to the undersigned.

J. E. WOOTEN,
*General Superintendent.*

READING, March 7th, 1876.-8w.

WOOD PUMPS

Blatchley's Standard Cucumber and Grafton Co.'s Pumps, with copper linings of best new styles, and all valuable improvements. Manufacturing in all sizes for ground, tubed and submersible use. LARGE, prices SMALL. Visitors, Dealers and the Trade generally, are cordially invited when in town to call at the Centennial Exhibition, to call and see us or send for catalogue, with prices and terms.

C. G. BLATCHLEY, Manuf'r, 506 Commerce St., Phila.

March 31—6m.

VULCAN IRON WORKS,

DANVILLE, MONTOUR COUNTY, PA.

WILLIAM H. LAW, Manufacturer of Wrought Iron Bridges, Boilers, Gasholder, Fireproof Buildings, Wrought Iron Roofing, Roofing Frames, Flooring and Doors, Farm Gates and Fencing, also Wrought Iron Piping, Stacks and all kinds of Smith Work, &c. Repairs promptly attended to

N. B.—Drawings and Estimates supplied.

Oct. 8, 1875—tf

## Poetical.

### ADVICE.

Fly away, pretty moth, to the shade
Of the leaf where you slumbered all day.
Be content with the moon and the stars, pretty moth,
And make use of your wings while you may;
Though yon glittering light may have dazzled you quite,
Tho' the gold of yon lamp may be gay,
Many things in this world that look bright, pretty moth,
Only dazzle to lead us estray.

I have seen, pretty moth, in the world
Some as wild as yourself and as gay,
Who, bewitched by the sweet fascination of eyes,
Flitted 'round them by night and by day;
But though dreams of delight may have dazzled them quite,
They at last found it dangerous play!
Many things in this world that look bright, pretty moth,
Only dazzle to lead us estray.

### LIFE AND DEATH.

What is the life of man? A passing shade
Upon the changeful mirror of old Time;
A sere leaf, long ere autumn comes decayed;
A plant or tree that scantly reaches prime;
A dew-drop of the morning; gone ere noon;
A meteor expiring in its fall;
A blade of grass that springs to wither soon;
A dying taper on a darksome pall;
The foam upon the torrent's whirling wave;
A bird that flutters on a drooping wing;
A shadowy spectre o'er an open grave;
A morning-glory's moments in the spring;
A breaking bubble on a rushing stream;
A sunset after storm, an erring angel's dream.

What is this death we fear? The peaceful close
Of stormy life—of reckless passion's sway;
The veil that mantles all our cares and woes;
The heavenly ending of an earthly day;
The crown of life well spent; the portal fair
Which opes the way to never-ending joy;
It sets the captive free as air
From all the fetters which on earth annoy.
What is this death? The sleep the pilgrim takes
After much weary travel he has known,
And whence with renovated power he wakes,
His soul more mighty for its slumber grown:
The glorious conquest over human ill;
A spirit's joy which death can never kill.

—N. Y. EVENING POST.

## Original.

### History of Columbia County.

Copyright secured according to act of Congress.

NUMBER XVI.

MADAME MONTOUR.

A sketch of this celebrated woman and her family will be properly introduced by a short description of the magnificent ridge which bears her name.

Montour's ridge rises somewhat abruptly on the West Branch near the mouth of Chillisquaque creek, and starting out in a northeast course becomes the boundary between the townships of Point and Chillisquaque in Northumberland county, and between Point and the townships of Liberty and Mahoning in Montour county, near Danville, where Mahoning creek breaks through to the North Branch—thence becoming the boundary between Valley and Mahoning, and West Hemlock and Cooper, in Montour county; and between Hemlock and Montour in Columbia county; breaking down again where Hemlock creek flows through into Fishingcreek, and again a short distance beyond where Fishingcreek rolls between its precipitous sides north of Bloomsburg off into the North Branch; then rising again and throwing toward the surface its rich iron deposits north and east of Bloomsburg, and sinking forever, after developing millions of tons of limestone, north and east of Espy.

An axis of elevation passes nearly along the middle of the ridge, composed of hard gray and reddish sandstone, which are covered along both sides sometimes nearly and sometimes quite to the top by slates and shales of overlying series, the lower part of which consists of yellowish or greenish slates, containing thin strata of limestone, in which are impressions of shells and other fossils; and near these a very valuable layer of brownish red iron ore, from six inches to over two feet in thickness, also containing fossil impressions. This ore is found on both sides of the ridge as far east as the vicinity of Bloomsburg, where the strata converge over its top as it sinks away on the east, and finally disappears under the overlying red shale in the neighborhood of Espytown. In the slates above the iron ore are some thin layers of dark colored limestone, succeeded by a thick bed of red shale, which forms the upper portion of the series. Overlying this red shale is a limestone formation, which encircles the ridge outside of the red shale, and which may be seen not far from the river above Northumberland, and along the railroad from Danville to Bloomsburg; dipping under the Fishingcreek above its mouth and passing under Bloomsburg it rises again near Espy, and extends nearly to Berwick, where it sinks away beneath the overlying slate. A splendid body of mantel and roofing slate of the very best quality develops itself on Little Fishingcreek about a mile above Bloomsburg. It has been wrought and approved by competent workmen and judges, and needs only capital and enterprise to become a recognized industry of the county.

Thus it will be seen that Montour's ridge is useful as well as ornamental, rich as well as rugged; yielding right at our doors iron ore, limestone, slate and building stone in almost unlimited quantities.

Madame Montour, who gave her name to this beautiful range of hills, is a personage of considerable importance in the early history of Pennsylvania, and especially of the Susquehanna region. Her birth, her character, and her actions have been the subject of romance and of history. She has been the victim of vituperation as well as the heroine of eulogy. Her name has been used to dignify and horrify the Wyoming massacre. But neither romance nor history, neither vituperation nor eulogy, seem to have done her justice.

Madame Montour makes her first appearance in our history at a council held at Philadelphia on the 3d of July, 1727, between the Hon. Patrick Gordon, Lieutenant Governor, and his council on one side, and divers chiefs of the Five Nations, the Conestogoes, Gangawese and Susquehanna Indians on the other. The council being met and seated: "The Governor told them by M. Montour, a French woman who had lived long amongst these people, and is now interpretress, that he was glad to see them all well after so long a journey, and was now ready with his council to receive what they have to say." The meetings continued several days, Madame Montour making the interpretations between the parties. She was at this time married to her second husband, Robert Hunter, *alias* Carondawana, a chief of the Oneidas. It is agreed on all hands that her first husband was Roland Montour, a brave of the Senecas. She had no children by her second husband, who was killed in a war with the Catawbas as early as the year 1729.

Madame Montour is by some writers alleged to have been the daughter of one of the French Governors of Canada, and to have been a lady in manners, style and education. That she mingled in the best society of Philadelphia and possessed great attractions of mind and person. But when we remember that she had a sister married to a brave of the Miamis, and was herself twice married to Indians of the Five Nations, it is more than likely that her claims to beauty, education and refinement were not so positive as her admirers have asserted, yet far in advance of her husbands' and her swarthy companions.

An examination of the authorities seems to bring us to the conclusion that Madame Montour was a French Canadian without any admixture of Indian blood—that she was educated—that she preferred the Indian custom and roving and unsettled habit of life—and that the family into which she married were the French half-breeds who had a French Governor of Canada for their father, if, indeed, they were entitled to make any such claim. That in early life she married Roland Montour, a brave of the Senecas, who had a brother John, and a sister who was variously known as Catharine, Kate, Catrina, Catreen and Queen Esther.

By her husband Roland Montour she had certainly four and possibly five children, Andrew, Henry and Robert are well known. We hear of Lewis also; and at a council in Philadelphia, June 18, 1733, before Thomas Penn, Esquire, Shekellamy, then at Shamokin as the head of the tribes, speaks of an Indian "named Katarioniecha, who is married to one Margaret, a daughter of Mrs. Montour," as living "in that neighborhood."

Whatever Roland Montour may have been, Madame had always been the friend of the Proprietary government. And that reputation is enhanced, if possible, after her second marriage. In some instructions given in 1728 by Gov. Gordon to Henry Smith and John Petty, then about to visit the Susquehanna Indians, the Governor says: "Give my kind love also to Carundowana and his wife and speak to them to the same purpose. Lett him know I expect of him, that as he is a great Captain, he will take Care that all the People about him shall show themselves good Men & truehearted, as he is himself, and that I hope to see him at the Treaty." And again, in the same year, there is the following memorandum: "It was afterward considered by the Board what Present might be proper to be made to Mistress Montour & her husband, Carandowana, & likewise to Shikellima, of the Five Nations, appointed to reside among the Shanese, whose services had been and may yet be of great advantage to this Government; And it was agreed that Five Pounds in Bills of Credit should be given to Mistress Montour and her husband."

After the death of her second husband in 1729 she probably spent a good deal of her time in Philadelphia; and in 1734 several of the Oneidas and others coming to town, "Mrs Montour, now in town but not a member of the delegation," was inquired of as to their standing and importance, and they were entertained and rewarded with some reference to her information concerning them.

That such was the uniform character of the family of Madame Montour is further evidenced by the fact that at least two of her sons received large grants of "donation lands" from the Government. Henry's lay on the Chillisquaque, and Andrew's on the Loyal Sock where Montoursville now stands.

In September 1742 Shikellimus the great Cayuga chief was living at Shamokin, and was there then visited by Conrad Weiser, Count Zinzendorf, Martin Mack and his wife and several other persons. After spending some time at Shamokin the "Count and part of his company forded the Susquehanna, and went to Ostonwackin on the West Branch. This place was then inhabited, not only by Indians, of different tribes, but by Europeans, who had adopted the indian manner of life. Among the latter was a Frenchwoman, Madame Montour, who had married an Indian warrior (Carondowana, *alias* Robert Hunter,) but lost him in a war against the Catawbas. She kindly entertained the Count for two days. The Count went soon after to Wyoming."

The location of the town of Ostonwackin has not been definitely ascertained. Let us see if we cannot locate it from the given facts. In the first place it was on the West Branch, in the second, it was a short distance above Shamokin, in the third, in order to reach it the Susquehanna, that is the North Branch, was forded. We are justified in placing Ostonwackin, Madame Montour's residence at about the mouth of Chillisquaque Creek, and near the mountainous ridge, which bears her name. Near there, on the same stream her son Henry subsequently obtained a large tract of land, and there she probably died, though of the time or place of her death no sufficient and certain information has been obtained. But in October 1734, she is spoken of by a Chief and Messenger from the Six Nations, as an old woman. We do not hear of her after the year 1742, and then as living at Ostonwackin, in the neighborhood of, and no doubt on friendly terms with the great and good Shikellimus the father of the more celebrated Logan, and the steady friend of our people. Shekellimus died in 1749, and we hear nothing of Madame Montour after 1742. There is no authority for believing that she was alive, much less present, thirty-six years later, at the massacre of Wyoming. No history, nor no authentic tradition connects Madame Montour with the shedding of any blood white or Indian; the whole tenor of her life forbids it, and the attempt to enhance the romance of a locality or a tragedy by naming her in connection with it, must be a failure.

The Hon. Stewart Pearce in his Annals, says Capt. Roland Montour was at the massacre. If he means the husband of Madame Montour he is mistaken. Roland had long been dead, and he left no son of his name.

But Roland had a brother John, and John is alleged by several writers to have been at Wyoming. They had a sister Catrina, and she and John were all their lives bitter and unrelenting enemies of the English colonists. Mr. Day, speaks of "the celebrated Catharine Montour, sometimes called Queen Esther, whose more permanent residence was at Catharinestown at the head of Seneca Lake, as being a half-breed, who had been well educated in Canada. Her reputed father was one of the French Governors of that Province, and she herself was a lady of comparative refinement. She was much caressed in Philadelphia, and mingled in the best society. She exercised a controlling influence among the indians, and resided in this quarter, [Tioga point, Bradford county] while they were making their incursions upon the Wyoming settlements. It has been even suspected that she presided at the bloody sacrifice of the Wyoming prisoners after the battle; but Col. Stone who is good authority upon the history of the Six Nations, utterly discredits the story."

That the Montours, Roland, John and Catharine were half-breeds, children of a French Governor of Canada, is altogether probable; but that Catharine the sister of Roland ever was the educated and refined and caressed lady of the best society of Philadelphia, is an entire misapprehension. There is no evidence that Catharine ever was in Philadelphia. Mr. Pearce asserts, notwithstanding Col. Stone's denial, that "Queen Esther" was at the massacre. If he means by "Queen Esther," Madame Montour, the French woman, the wife of Roland Montour he is mistaken; but if he means Catrina Montour, the sister of Roland and John, then he may be right. The authority from whom Mr. Day quotes, has evidently confounded the two women. Madame Montour and Catharine Montour were very different persons. The christian name of Madame Montour is not given in any authority which has come under my observation; and the person who had her castle at Tioga Point, and her town at the head of Seneca Lake was not the wife or widow of Roland Montour. She had a daughter Margaret; might not that have been too, the name of the mother? Between her and John and Catrina, there seems to have been no intercourse, at least they are never mentioned in connection with her nor named as of her family. John and Catreen are alleged to have both been at the taking of Fort Freeland in July 1779; and that John received a wound there which proved fatal, and that he was buried at the "Painted Post." The probabilities of this story being true, are increased, when we remember the number of persons taken prisoners at that time, and that many of them returned from captivity, to whom the facts must have been well known, and by whom they would be correctly and graphically related.

In view of all the evidence now attainable, it seems possible that Madame Montour may have been of pure French extraction, and that Roland and his brother and sister may have been half-breeds. At any rate Madame is always spoken of as a *French woman* and never as as a half-breed, while Catharine is always distinguished as half-breed, although the brothers are seldom if ever so designated.

So much it seemed necessary to have said, that the truth of history might be vindicated and the confusion or error which the authorities leave upon the mind, be dispelled—that the good reputation of Madame Montour might be as immovable as the rocks that underlie the beautiful Ridge which perpetuates her name, and her memory be as green and grateful as the pines that clothe its sides and wave over its summit.

JOHN G. FREEZE.

## Miscellaneous.

### SEEING BETTER DAYS.

The widow Minton had seen better days. How far back wasn't exactly certified; but she had seen them. Better days hung mouldering about her, like the defaced shreds of antiquated embroidery.

The sturdy gossips of the seaside village, who went about with their skirts tucked up and their bare, brown arms ready and able for any work, looked askance at the widow Minton, with her pitiful meagerness of aspect, her flickering black eye, and her trailing old gown. They nudged each other and said, "Better days—Lord save us!"

But the widow did not trouble the neighbors much, nor they her. A body who couldn't do a heartsome hand's stirring was best left alone to her brooding, and the widow's smoky little cabin, solitary apart on the seashore, was left pretty much to herself and boy Tom.

Tom was a sturdy, brown-faced lad, who picked up a living by doing odd jobs for the boatmen, and then taking a day for fishing. Tom had probably never seen better days. The widow shook her head over him—so stupidly content, poor Tom! so beaming and good natured over beggarliness and hopelessness. A tall, well-grown fellow, with bare-feet, a torn straw hat and a red shirt, Tom took the world easily, looking with reverent eyes on his mother's by-gone gentility, but by no means seeming to covet it for himself.

The widow deemed it due to her past respectability to be seen at church of a Sunday evening, and you could see the two walking at twilight along the sands together, she with her clean pocket handkerchief folded over her old hymn-book and a certain doubtful hesitancy of gait, as if Heaven itself might be looking down critically on her shabby black gown and rusty bonnet. As for Tom, patient Tom, he went plodding slowly after her, with his smiling face, whistling to himself as he went. Always patient, always plodding, poor Tom! Patiently falling asleep during the sermon, and patiently listening, open-mouthed, to the closing hymn, his careless, bright face, contrasting so oddly with his mother's querulous and tearworn visage, won for him the soubriquet of Widow Minton's rainbow.

The minister of the parish, mistaken soul, deemed it incumbent to make a call on the widow; and on charity bent, it is said he unwarily offered to employ her services in his household for a season. He deemed it his duty to rouse the old woman to activity.

He did rouse her; and it is averred that he never found time to call at the cabin again. Did he take her for a common household drudge, or a low-born field hand? She thanked God she had too much spirit left to put herself under anybody's feet. He hadn't far to go to find scores of drudges and diggers but he might go further before he knew a lady when he saw her.

It might have been the afternoon after the good man's visit that the widow sat idly brooding at her cabin door. Her eyes had a wandering, far away look, and her face was keener and thinner than ever. Beyond the bluff which sheltered her cabin, stretched a far line of seacoast, the white sand gleaming silvery in the sun. Far off a group of bathers, in bright dresses, frolicked between shore and water. They came from the great hotel down beyond; she could almost catch the sound of their voices as she sat slowly rocking in her doorway. It was a quiet afternoon, the air was soft and soothing, and the widow's heart so full of bitterness, felt itself sweeten and soften in the stillness. This part of the shore, sheltered by its over hanging rock, was seldom disturbed by intruders, but presently the watcher's eye caught sight of a young girl splashing and frolicking in the water just beyond the rocks. It was a pretty sight, the rounded arms, the curving shoulders, the swaying, floating figure. And perhaps the old woman recalled with a sigh the time when she was young and blithe too, and had as cheery a voice as that with which the fair swimmer hailed her companions in the distance.

Gazing absently on the smiling scene, a reverie fell upon her, and when she looked again, the young water-nymph had disappeared. She had probably swam ashore behind the rocks. The widow turned away, hugged her thin shawl over her shoulders, and thought that the sea wind was chilly. Hark! What was that? Surely she heard a cry. No merry shout or ringing laugh this: it might be the cry of a wild bird on its way to its mate.

She couldn't have got beyond her depth, that young creature, surely! But, la! what of it if she had? Dying young, a body gets quit of a deal of trouble. And—Yes, surely that was a scream. The widow looked sharply out. Would Tom never come? The tide was rising, and—and something certainly was the matter. She called—she beckoned frantically to the bathers beyond—they seemed both blind and deaf.

"No one, not one soul at hand, and that young thing in

# The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, April 28, 1876.


FOR PRESIDENT.

GEN. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.

The duty of nominating a Democratic candidate for President at St. Louis is confided to intelligent delegates, and we are confident that the Convention will not err. The selection of Thurman, Hendricks, Tilden, Parker or Bayard would meet with hearty approval by the Democratic masses, yet we must insist that Gen. Hancock has more elements of strength than any other candidate who could be named.

As a Pennsylvanian, of splendid revolutionary stock, his name would assure to the party the "Keystone" State, and decide the impending contest.

As a soldier, he stands unrivalled. In the Peninsula campaign, not only Gen. McClellan, but the army and world said "Hancock was superb." At Gettysburg he saved the battle, and with it our State from plunder, and our army from destruction. In fact, until Grant took command, it was the proud boast of his Corps, that although fiercely engaged in all the battles fought by the army of the Potomac, his command never lost a gun nor a color. In Grant's campaign towards Richmond, it was his Corps that made the celebrated flank movements, and that gave Lee's army a staggering blow at Spottsylvania by capturing Johnson's Division of 12,000 men, and with it 27 cannon and 25 colors.

Physically, he is a magnificent specimen of a man. Morally, his character is beyond reproach, and his name has never been connected with a mean or disreputable act.

And yet, his highest praise is his civil record. His administration at New Orleans proved that he is not only profoundly versed in the fundamental rules of government, and thoroughly acquainted with our statutes and decisions, but understands the true relation between the civil and military branches of our government. During his brief administration he brought order out of chaos, made the law respected, and so commanded the respect of the people of the South that they presented his name as their choice for President in 1868. Later, his civil and military conduct has been such as to endear him to the masses of both parties, and no man has such a hold upon the popular heart as Gen. Hancock.

With his nomination success would be assured. In him the people would see a magnificent soldier, with a thorough knowledge of civil administration,—one whose honor and integrity are above question—with an unassailable record, and one who would scourge all thieves and scoundrels from the temple of power.

### FORNEY'S LOGIC.

The *Press* says:

"The House bill giving impunity to every scamp in the country who may procure a chance to testify before some Congressional committee has come to grief in the Senate, as we predicted."

Inasmuch as honest and reputable men never deal in swindling transactions we do not see how the ends of justice can be attained unless the evidence of accomplices, properly supported, is admitted. If innocent men alone can testify, our penitentiaries would be empty and the occupation of the hangmen gone. The policy to make confederates "State evidence" is too well established to be shaken, and is founded on sound principles. In the "Fishingcreek Confederacy" cases it was thought to be an admirable arrangement. In the "Molly Maguire" cases conviction would have been impossible without the testimony of parties implicated. We believe that it is a good plan to "set a thief to catch a thief."

Of course the Republican press is terribly alarmed at the developments being made at Washington. They have no words of censure for the guilty, but express a mild regret that they were detected. The denunciations against the Democrats are fierce, for bringing to light the rascality and corruption of Republican leaders, and now the storm of indignation is turned against the witnesses, who were but the tools of their superiors in office. True it is that:

"No thief e'er felt the halter draw
With good opinion of the law"

and in this crisis it will not answer for the Republican party to justify their criminals, nor to attack the evidence produced by men whom they have petted and fostered, and who are of the same political faith as themselves.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.—The Democratic State Committee held its first meeting since its organization in the Ely building, Harrisburg, last Thursday. The meeting was called to order by Mr. McClelland, chairman, and the roll of members called over. As several members of the committee were necessarily in their seats in the legislature, the meeting adjourned until two o'clock in the afternoon.

There was an increased attendance at the meeting in the afternoon. Resolutions were adopted authorizing the chairman to select three secretaries and endorsing his action in fixing Harrisburg as the headquarters of the state committee. Action was taken looking to an early and vigorous prosecution of the campaign. Capt. Brockway, in the absence of Col. Embick, represented this District.

### "MORE STEALS."

The Norristown *Defender* has only two short editorials, one headed "More Steals" and the other "The Boom Bill." As both were taken from the COLUMBIAN bodily without credit, we would suggest to friend Helfenstein that the title of his first article is as applicable to himself as to the subject matter.

Of late we do not hear Grant, Belknap, Babcock, or the Republicans generally talking so much about "sectarian schools." The Des Moines speech is forgotten, its author under grave charges, and, in fact, the investigating committees seem to have demoralized the piety and philanthropy of the entire administration.

Grant has vetoed the bill fixing the President's salary at $25,000. We could expect nothing else from a Republican President who has given so many striking proofs of his ardent desire for retrenchment and reform.

### CONFESSION AND AVOIDANCE.

A late number of the *Gazette & Bulletin* contained an incorrect statement as to the political status of the late commissioners of Schuylkill and Luzerne counties, and attempted to throw the odium of the facts upon the Democratic party. While tacitly admitting that its original statement was incorrect, it makes the point that "it does not lessen the crime of a Democratic official if a Republican were a partner in his crime." True, but why blame the Democrat, and not censure the Republican, or suppress a material fact in the case. In law and among honest men, the suppression of the truth is as criminal as the allegation of falsehood.

We repeat that the Schylkill commissioners would not have been pardoned had not one or both of the Republican members of the Board of Pardons recommended such action, *and not even then, had not Hartranft given his consent.* Further, if a party is to be responsible for the acts of members selected by it, it follows that such men as Belknap, Schenck, Avery, Babcock, *et id genus home*, have got their party in a very bad fix.

The President has not done so much for high toned government as he should, we admit; but it is not a good time to criticize just now, when he is giving evidence of better things.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

We don't exactly understand what the *Gazette* means by "giving evidence of better things," but we do know that the above remarks appeared about the same time that Col. Whitley and ex-Attorney General Williams testified in Washington that the President had ordered the payment of $35,000 of public money to "little Johnny Davenport" to carry the election of 1872 in New York and Pa. During the Presidential contest of that year, as shown by Treasury vouchers, over $140,000 was expended in New York city by Republicans and $35,000 by direct order of the President, and against the remonstrances of Williams and Whitley. For this no vouchers can be found. Is this the "evidence of better things" to which the *Gazette* alludes? And if so is it the opinion of that paper that it tends materially towards a "high-toned government?" We feel constrained to ask these questions because to the ordinary eye the efforts of the President, now or heretofore, to do anything for "high-toned," or even respectable government have been invisible.

### ASSIGNMENTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF CREDITORS.

We have received a copy of the law recently passed by the Legislature on this subject, and will briefly state its substance. Under the old law, when an assignment was made for the benefit of creditors, persons holding judgments against said assigned property, could issue an execution at once and sell it under the sheriff's hammer; under a very recent act, however, this cannot be done. When property is thus levied on by the sheriff, the assignee can go into court and have the sale stopped, the court issuing an order of sale by the assignee and setting a time for said sale to take place. Under the law sales are already being postponed.

### THE STATE CAPITOL.

HARRISBURG, April 25th, 1876.

Last night, amidst a silence and attention not at all characteristic of the House, the report of the committee appointed to investigate the alleged charges of bribery in connection with the "Boom Bill" was submitted and read at length. Great expectations were based upon this report which were by no means realized. Instead of radical action recommending the expulsion of certain members, as was anticipated, the report was very conservative, stating merely the facts brought out by the evidence and shifting the responsibility of action thereon entirely upon the shoulders of the House.

By the report a cloud is thrown over the following members and outsiders:

The attention of the House is called to the conduct of Mr. Miller, of Philadelphia, but the Committee expresses no opinion upon the same.

The Committee is of the opinion that the conduct of Mr. Knight, of Bucks, was very improper.

That Mr. Thornton, of Allegheny, approached both Wise and Buck, members of the House in such a manner as to lead them to suppose that they could obtain a valuable consideration for their votes against the bill.

Of Mr. Gentner, of Philadelphia, they are not prepared to say that he was guilty of any effort to corrupt any of his fellow-members.

That W. S. Douglass, a member from Philadelphia, was guilty of conduct unbecoming a member of the House.

That evidence was produced before it that shows that Emile J. Petroff, a member of the House from Philadelphia, was guilty of a violation of the 29th section of article 3 of the Constitution in reference to bribery.

That Martin F. Lynott, a member of the House from Luzerne county, had also violated the same section and article of the Constitution.

The Committee then go on to state that although of opinion that their power does not extend beyond members of the House, they feel they would not be doing justice to themselves did they not call attention to the *misconduct* of George W. Skinner, Journal Clerk of the House.

Senator Boyer, Jesse C. Ammerman, ex-member of the House, John B. Beck, of Williamsport, F. E. Embick and Peter Herdic are then each separately arraigned and charged with corrupt and improper attempts to influence legislation on the bill.

The attention of the House is specially called to the conduct of Luther Andrews, of Alba, Bradford county, in sending false telegrams to the members and calling them away from their seats on the final passage of the bill. The report closes with a recommendation that after the House is done with this testimony it be referred to the Attorney General for such action as he may see fit.

All the members of the Committee except Reyburn signed the report. That gentleman, however, refusing to do so because he considered the action of the Committee unconstitutional inasmuch as the parties accused were not allowed to confront their accusers or given an opportunity of defending themselves. Mr. Reyburn's dissent finds favor only among the friends of Petroff.

Lynott has few friends, and his ill-timed denial of the accusation of the Committee in presence of the House last night has tended to render them fewer.

The House will consider the report when printed with the testimony and laid before the House. This will possibly be about Thursday. Whether the House will take up the responsibility cast upon it by the Committee remains to be seen.

The minority portion of the House Investigating Committee into the affairs of the State Treasury, appointed by the House of Representatives last year, will most likely submit a report to the House to-morrow morning. This report will substantially deny many of the assertions of the majority report, such as that the Committee was not allowed admission to his books by the State Treasurer, will have for its object the complete vindication of Treasurer Mackey, and will contain at least one very wholesome recommendation, and that is that a law be passed by the Legislature regulating the manner of appointing all committees of investigation.

The bituminous coal mine bill, regulating mine ventilation, which consumed so much of the time of the House, has been reached at last upon the Senate calendar and is under consideration to-night.

The House is clearing up its calendars very rapidly. All of the bills on first reading and nearly all on the second reading pushed forward to await final passage or defeat.

B.

Secretary Bristow has issued a circular to the treasurer of the United States and assistant treasurers in the principal cities, authorizing them to redeem fractional currency with silver coins, when presented in sums not less than $5 nor more than $100. The coins specified are of the denomination of ten, twenty, twenty-five and fifty cents.

### WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25, 1876.
*Special Correspondence.*

As some of the Democratic papers seem inclined to take up the Radical cry "that Congress is doing nothing," it may not be amiss to see what it has done. The smaller appropriation bill has been discussed until nearly the last section has been reached and it will be passed this week. The bill transferring the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War department, has also passed. A tariff bill has been reported and is ready for discussion, while a great number of minor and personal bills have been acted on by the House. The appropriation bills as reported by the committee save the government forty millions of dollars, and because of this, have been fought at every stage and in every conceivable way by the Republicans. As all the money appropriated by Congress, goes into the pockets of, or has to be disbursed by Republican officials, the friends of these officials in the House use every endeavor to prevent the reduction of salaries and of appropriations as the chances to steal are thereby lessened. The Senate by a strict party vote, has raised the amounts appropriated in the various bills which have passed the House, from the sums deemed proper by the Representatives of the people, who under the constitution are alone authorized to originate appropriation bills, to about the amounts given last year by a Republican House. The Democrats of the House will not submit to this interference with its prerogative by the Senate, and very properly refused to ask for or order a conference committee. Besides the work enumerated, the House has laid bare the corruptions of Radicalism. It has shown that every post and department of the government is tainted with fraud, or worse still, is a den of thieves. It has shown a Cabinet officer living shamelessly upon bribes—the private Secretary and confidential friend of the President engaged in plotting a burglary, intended to ruin an honest man, and the President himself diverting the use of public funds to aid in corrupting voters. If *no* bill had passed the House, the work it has done in exposing and rendering impossible for the future the frauds and robberies of the past six years would mark it as having accomplished more than any other Congress since the war. It is now considered quite certain that should the Senate determine that it has the power to try Belknap notwithstanding his resignation, it will not be possible to commence the trial before about the 15th of May. The intervening time from Wednesday till then will be consumed by the arguments of the counsel on the plea that a resigned officer cannot be tried, and the discussion in the Senate on that question. Judge Cartter will probably render his decision in the Kilbourn case by Wednesday. Should he decide to turn Kilbourn loose, there is no question but what the House should order his re-arrest; otherwise all attempts at investigation may as well cease as no witness could be compelled to answer. The fact that the delegates to the New York convention are almost unanimously for Tilden as the Democratic candidate for President strengthens him in the race, though I find a strong feeling here that the candidate ought to come from the West. It is said that New York has furnished the candidate three times in succession and we have been beaten each time; and that now it should furnish votes and let some other section offer the man. The southern men would generally prefer a western man from the Mississippi valley; but they pledge an united South to the St. Louis nominee, let him be who he may. Conkling is being pressed by the administration for the Cincinnati nomination and his friends now claim that after a complimentary vote they will make him formidable. There is no news from Europe of interest. The Government in Mexico is making vigorous efforts to suppress the Diaz resolution and there is a prospect of considerable fighting in that country, which will never have peace until Uncle Sam takes it in hand.

RENO.

The venerable Philadelphia *North American*, the oldest daily paper in the United States, has donned a new dress and dropped one of its titles—*United States Gazette*. The *Advertiser* which was merged with the *North American* dates back to 1784, and the *Gazette* to 1793. The paper is a very reliable commercial medium and its circulation has been principally among merchants.

### Xantippe.

It seems that the memory of this women, like that of her renowned husband, is likely to be kept alive to the end of time. She is said to have possessed a very irritable temper, and her name has become a synonym of "vixen," or "scold." It is more than possible, however, that the judgment passed upon her by mankind has been over severe. A more charitable disposition qualifies, and has attributed her failings more to physical infirmities than to moral obliquity. The party most intimately acdquainted with her, and therefore best able to form a correct opinion, gives her credit for many domestic virtues. It is now well known that many of the diseases to which women are subject have a direct tendency to render them irritable, peevish, cross, morose, unreasonable, so that they chafe and fret over all those little ills and annoyances that a person in health would bear with composure. It is fair to infer that most of the tantrums of Xantippe were due to these causes alone; and could Socrates, as he returned from the Senate, the Gymnasium, or the Athenaeum, have stopped at Pestle & Mortar's Drug Store and carried home a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, now and then no doubt he might have evaded many a "curtain lecture," allayed many a "domestic broil," made it much pleasanter for the children, and more enjoyable for himself, and rescued his wife's name from the unenviable, world-wide, and eternal notoriety it has attained. Thousands of women bless the day on which Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was first made known to them. A single bottle often gives delicate and suffering women more relief than months of treatment from their family physician. In all those derangements causing backache, dragging down sensation, nervous and general debility, it is a sovereign remedy. Its soothing and healing properties render it of the utmost value to ladies suffering from internal fever, congestion, inflammation, or ulceration, and its strengthening effects tend to correct displacements of internal parts, the result of weakness of natural supports. It is sold by all druggists.

Babcock appears to have driven a thrifty trade whilst private secretary to the President. He was in the whisky ring, the Washington city ring, the safe burglary ring and all the rest of the fraudulent enterprises afloat, besides which he was mixed up in the Steinberger affair. He ought to be kicked out of the public service instanter.

The Enforcement Act, like other Radical measures of persecution, has been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court. In Maryland alone 56 indicted persons have been discharged, who were arrested for its violation.

Thus, one by one the monuments of Radical tyranny topple to the ground. The *people* are re-asserting their guaranteed rights, and even a packed Court is obliged to do justice.

### From a Carriage Manufacturer.

Meyerstown, Lebanon Co., Pa., Nov. 10 1875.

Messrs. Seth W. Fowle & Sons, Boston.

Gentleman:—I have been afflicted for two years with what I supposed to be consumption. I have suffered from a severe pain in my left side, the pain being but slight at first, but increasing in severity every day until it was almost impossible for me to follow my avocation without great suffering and the most excruciating pain. I have tried almost every known remedy without receiving the least relief. My brother having been afflicted with spitting of blood and all the tendencies of consumption, and having been cured by DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, recommended it to me, and I at once commenced using it with the most satisfactory results. My pain is gradually growing less and I feel much better than I have for some time past. As long as the BALSAM does as much to restore my health as it has done thus far, so long shall I continue using it, and I would advise all afflicted with diseases to give it a trial. I remain yours truly, Daniel B. Harper.

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

### Items.

—The committee investigating Congressional Printer Clapp have decided to prefer charges against him of inefficiency, malfeasance in office and embezzlement.

"The CHRISTIAN *is the best paper I get*," says Mr. Spurgeon, the great London preacher. This large 16 page, illustrated dollars monthly will be sent post paid three months to any address for 10 cents, or to minister free, by the publishers, H. L. Hastings, Boston, Mass. April 14-4w

James O'Donnell was shot at through the window of his dwelling in Pottsville on Sunday and mortally wounded. His assassin is unknown.

"Union In Christ" is an excellent union, undenominational illustrated monthly, 60 cents a year, 25 cents to ministers and agents. Sent on *Trial Three Months Free* with best terms to agents. Address H. A. KING, 37 Park Row, New York Box 2283. A14-4w

Mrs. A. T Stewart has transferred all her right and title to the interest of her husband in the immense business of A. T. Stewart & Co., and all the real and personal estate of her deceased husband, except real estate in New York City, to Judge Henry Hilton for one million dollars. The business will be conducted under the old firm name, Judge Hilton and William Libbey forming the new firm.

WITHOUT COST.—Messrs. Potts Brothers now offer to send a sample copy of the *American Stock Journal* free to all who desire to examine it. Every farmer should send and get one, and then he will undoubtedly want it a whole year for himself and family. It will only cost one dollar to get a large 32 page illustrated monthly, telling all about about stock raising and farming. Those who subscribe now, get 3 numbers of 1875, free. Just the paper for hard times. Parksburg, Chester county, Pa., is the place to send. April 14.-4w.

Seven murderers was hung last Friday, six in the Indian Territory and one in New York.

The Democratic State Convention of Indiana nominated James D. Williams for Governor and declaedr Thomas A. Hendricks their choice for President.

THE ONLY SURE CURE FOR RUPTURE.—The oldest and best hernia surgeons in the world are some of the advantages offered by the Triumph Truss Co., 294 Bowery, N. Y., whose truss and supporter were awarded the medal at the late session of the Great American Institute Fair. Send 10 cents for their new book. March 24 75-4y

The Governor has issued a proclamation commending the joint Congressional resolution suggesting the assembling, on the 4th of July next, of the people throughout the country in their several towns or counties to participate in an historical celebration of those towns or counties.

Rupture cured in from 20 to 90 days by the Triumph Truss Co., of 294 Bowery, N. Y., who offer $1,000 for a rupture they cannot cure. See advertisement and cut of Truss in another column. Send 10 cents for descriptive book of Triumph Rupture Cure. March24, 75-4y

Barney Williams, the well known actor, died in New York on Tuesday after a prolonged illness.

The Shenandoah Citizens' building and loan association has found a deficit in the account of their secretary, amounting to nearly $6,000.

Hon. Archibald Dixon, ex-Governor of Kentuckey, died on Sunday night, aged 74 years. He succeeded Henry Clay as U. S. Senator in 1852.

### BRIDGE NOTICE.

An election will be held at the house of J. B. Kistler in the town of Catawissa, between the hours of one and six o'clock P. M. of May 1st 1876 for one President, six Managers, one Treasurer and one Secretary of the Catawissa Bridge Company for the ensuing year, and at the same time and place the stock holders of said Bridge Co, will vote for or against accepting section 1st of an act of 30th of May 1865. Entitled "An Act to entitle the stockholders of any Rail Road Co. incorporated by this Commonwealth, accepting the provisions of this act entitling the stockholders to vote one vote for each share of stock held by them" as extended to Bridge Companies by act 14th of March 1867.

GEO. S. GILBERT.
Secy.

April 7 4w.

A family of emigrants from Pennsylvania named Baker were murdered and scalped by Indians about 100 miles north of Custer City last Thursday night.

DRAGGING OUT EXISTENCE.—The nervous weakly invalid does not enjoy life, but merely "drags out existence," as the phrase is. Unfitted for the active pursuits of life, and incapable of partaking of its pleasures, to which health alone can give a zest; disinclined to social intercourse, and a prey to melancholy, the valetudinarian is indeed an object of pity. Yet there is nothing in all this that cannot be remedied by that genial alterative tonic and nervine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which supplies deficient stamina, braces the nervous system, and overcomes those bodily irregularities to which nervous weakness is most frequently attributable. Diseases of the kidney and bladder imperfect digestion and uterine troubles are fertile sources of debility. Their eradication however, becomes a matter of certainty when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are systematically used for that purpose. The Bitters likewise annihilate and prevent fever and ague and other debilitating febrile complaints of a malarial nature. April.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Philadelphia & R. R. Co.

CENTENNIAL EXCURSION TICKETS.

On and after May 1st, 1876, and during the continuance of the Centennial Exposition, Excursion Tickets good for 15 days from date of issue, will be issued from stations on the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad and Branches, to Philadelphia and return.

☞ Passengers will be conveyed directly to and from the depot, which is located in close proximity to the Centennial Buildings.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
READING, April 26th, 1876. General Superintendent.
April 28th 1m.

THE EYE & EAR.

DR. G. C. McDERMOTT

makes the treatment of

Diseases of the Ear & Eye

A SPECIALTY,

and has opened at Williamsport, Pa. an Institution for the treatment and cure of patients suffering from such diseases.

Office Hours.—Until 8 a. m., 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 p. m. Call on or address

G. C. McDERMOTT, M. D.,
73 Edwin St., Williamsport, Pa.
April 28-6m.


AUDITOR'S REPORT OF

CONYNGHAM and CENTRALIA

POOR DISTRICT

for the year ending April 10th 1876.

NEIL LENIHAN, Collector for 1875.

Dr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To amt. of Borough Duplicate for 1875 | | $636 91 |
| " " Twp. " " " | | 3881 93 |
| | | $4518 84 |

Cr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. returned to commissioners for collection, on boro. duplicate | $223 01 | |
| " " " on twp. " | 151 63 | |
| | | $374 64 |
| " Exonerations on boro. duplicate | 12 95 | |
| " " " twp. " | 14 10 | |
| | | $27 05 |
| " Collector's commission at 5 per cent on boro. duplicate | 20 70 | |
| " " " on twp. duplicate | 186 51 | |
| | | $217 21 |
| " amt. Paid Ed. Curley treasurer | 3142 49 | |
| " Balance not collected | 957 45 | |
| | | $4518 84 |

ED. CURLEY, Treasurer for 1875.

Dr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To amt. received of Thos. Gerrahty treasurer for 1874, as per balance June 7, 1875 | | $735 04 |
| " amt. recd. of Neil Lenthan collector | | 3142 49 |
| | | $3877 53 |

Cr.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| By amt. of orders redeemed and canceled | | $569 41 |
| " Commission on $569 41 at 2 per ct. | | 11 51 |
| " Balance in hands of treasurer | | 3360 91 |
| | | $3877 53 |

LIST OF UNSEATED LAND TAX IN THE BOROUGH RETURNED TO THE COMMISSIONERS FOR COLLECTION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Peter F. Collins | $4 01 |
| James Callahan | 70 |
| Wellington Cleaver | 1 10 |
| Henry Davis | 50 |
| Benjamin Griffiths | 1 88 |
| John G. Hanley | 85 |
| Thos. Howells | 55 |
| Michael Hanhan | 1 90 |
| Thos. Holmes | 38 |
| John J. Hughes | 55 |
| Caroline Kline | 55 |
| Kline & Reinhold | 1 05 |
| Lewis Kantner | 55 |
| Widow Keller | 55 |
| Richard Keller | 55 |
| Patrick Langdon | 1 05 |
| Lloyd Marks | 55 |
| Geo. Marks | 55 |
| Thos. Mahon | 55 |
| Mrs. Grace More | 1 10 |
| " Parks | 1 10 |
| Patrick Quinn | 55 |
| B. F. Shepard | 55 |
| Sweet & Torrey | 1 65 |
| Fred Whittick | 55 |
| Wm. Zeigler | 55 |
| | $23 01 |

LIST OF UNSEATED LAND TAX IN TOWNSHIP RETURNED TO COMMISSIONERS FOR COLLECTION

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm. Brown | 1 00 |
| Ebenezer Brenhahan | 9 87 |
| John Beam | 18 74 |
| Nathan Brown | 31 50 |
| Peter Buchner | 7 00 |
| Andrew Burs | 50 |
| Mrs. John Burke | 75 |
| Catharine Cook | 50 |
| David Cook | 75 |
| Philip Culp | 6 00 |
| John Davis | 20 |
| Geo. Dewald | 1 05 |
| Mary George | 50 |
| Frank Gallagher | 30 |
| Catharine Groth | 1 05 |
| Ed. Hanahach | 75 |
| John Hinnish | 6 72 |
| Peter Joice | 50 |
| Evan T. Jones | 50 |
| Fred Klingerman | 75 |
| Geo. Koehperis | 1 00 |
| John S. Morgan | 2 10 |
| Terrance Mcguire | 40 |
| Jacob Morris | 5 00 |
| Frank McManimun | 1 80 |
| Peter McManimun | 1 00 |
| Anthony Murphy | 40 |
| Richard Murphy | 40 |
| Thomas Murphy | 40 |
| H. S. Marr | 1 75 |
| Michael Reese | 3 15 |
| Thomas Hinnish | 3 92 |
| Mary Rushton | 8 75 |
| Henry Schaeffer | 3 07 |
| Lewis Drasbach | 75 |
| Jacob Trion | 4 20 |
| Jacob Trion | 4 20 |
| | $151 63 |

LIST OF EXONERATIONS ON BOROUGH DUPLICATE.

| | |
|---|---|
| James Bryson | 75 |
| Catharine Carr | 1 35 |
| Elizabeth Cleary | 1 60 |
| Thomas Gaughan | 1 00 |
| Mrs. Mary Hanley | 5 50 |
| Widow Gallagher | 1 50 |
| James McManimun | 1 00 |
| Widow Grady | 1 00 |
| Mrs. Cornelius Lenihan | 1 00 |
| Widow O Donnell | 85 |
| | $12 95 |

EXONERATIONS ON TOWNSHIP DUPLICATE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Peter Bradley | 75 |
| Widow Bradley | 75 |
| Mills & Morris | 12 60 |
| | $14 10 |

LIST OF ORDERS REDEEMED AND CANCELED BY THE AUDITORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Order No 38, Gilbert & Kline, for groceries furnished Poor House | 3 32 |
| " No. 39, N. B. Hartman, for repairing harness, &c. | 19 40 |
| " No. 202, William Hughes, for plastering, &c. | 2 17 |
| " No. 66, H. A. Weidensaul, for coal for Poor House | 9 50 |
| " No. 26, Bryan Cain, for cutting lumber and clearing land | 24 03 |
| " No. 247, George Boyer, for knives and guard for reaper | 3 66 |
| " No. 268, Samuel P. Levan, for seed wheat, &c. | 29 09 |
| " No. 5, Lewis Kantner, for ½ ton coal for Poor House | 1 50 |
| " No. 20, Andrew Beaver, for work on farm | 4 00 |
| " No. 315, Isaiah Yeager, for meat for Poor House | 17 24 |
| " No. 256, Isaiah Hower, for work on farm | 6 60 |
| " No. 198, Henry Beaver, for blacksmith's work | 11 00 |
| " No. 295, Moses Hower, for grain and hay for Poor House | 108 00 |
| " No. 228, Johanna O'Connor, for horse hire | 3 00 |
| " No. 336, Auditors and Clerk, for auditing in June, 1875 | 100 00 |
| " No. 88, Ed. Curley, for groceries for Poor House | 176 53 |
| " No. 26, Mrs. Gerrahty, for clothing vagrants and destitute children | 20 00 |
| | $569 41 |

Owing to the fact that it is claimed that the books were destroyed by fire, the real Estate and Improvement account could not be adjusted. For the same reason the outstanding indebtedness could not be ascertained. We therefore resolved to appoint a day, by giving public notice, on which to call in all outstanding orders.

The Steward's account was not presented to the Auditors.

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Conyngham township and Centralia Poor District, certify that the above statement is the best we can make under the circumstances.

We further advise that the pay of each Director shall be three dollars for each day necessarily spent as Director. The number of meetings of said board shall not exceed twelve per annum, four of said meetings to be held quarterly at the Poor House of said District. Also that the following rates shall be the highest daily pay for horse hire: Five dollars for a single and eight dollars for a double team. Also that no orders shall be drawn by the Directors for their time until the same is submitted to the Auditors at their annual settlement.

ED. MURPHY, } Auditors of
WM. H. PRICE, } Centralia Bor.
EDWARD HUGHES, } Auditors of
MARTIN FLANIGAN, } Conyngham twp.


IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The subscriber offers at private sale the good will, stock and fixtures of the well known and long established

MILLINERY STORE

on Main Street, Bloomsburg, which has for years had the most extensive and best paying business of the kind in town.

The rooms heretofore occupied as the store will be leased at a reasonable rate. For particulars apply to

Bloomsburg, April 21-4w. HARRIET HARMAN.

AGENTS,

*make no engagements till you see our*

NEW BOOK,

Which in thrilling interest, stirring merit, elegance and cheapness, has absolutely no equal. It is "THE Times" for the Centennial period—takes on sight.

The "North American Review" says it is "deserving of unqualified praise" we anticipate for it an extensive popularity; the "Dubuque Times" says, "what such a work as Thousands of the American people will be glad to possess;" the "Detroit Advertiser" calls it "preferable to any yet published." Any active man or woman of good address can secure large profits and steady work for a year. For full particulars address J. R. FORD & CO.,
27 Park Place, N. Y.
April 14—13 w.

C. M. BROWN,

has removed his Boot and Shoe store from Brown's Hotel to 1st door above Wagoneller and Sharpless', Town da Boots a specialty. Repairing done at short notice.

FIRESIDE EDITION OF

SHAKESPEARE'S

*COMPLETE WORKS.*

The Cheapest Book ever offered to the public. Large Type. Fine paper. 40 SPLENDID ILLUSTRATIONS. 23 PARTS AT 10 CENTS EACH.

AGENTS WANTED. Specimen, with two illustrations, by mail, 10 cents.

BAKER, DAVIS & CO., Philadelphia.
Apr 28—1y.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice that on the 29th day of March, 1876, I bought of Edmund Trimble the articles enumerated below, and leave them in his possession until I see fit to remove them. All persons are forbidden to interfere with his possession of the same.

1 stove and utensils, 1 rocking chair, 1 bedstead, 1 wash stand, 1 sink, 2 jugs.

W. N. HOSLER.
Apr 28-3w.

AGENTS, for best chance in the world to coin money address the U. S. SAFETY LOCK-ET CO., Newark, N. J. Apr 28-4w.

SOMETHING NEW for agents. Taylor's Patent Safety Lock and Door Fastener. Safe protection against burglars. Every family will buy. Apply to D. L. Guernsey, Man't Agent, Concord, N. H. Apr 28-4w.

PSYCHOMANCY or SOUL CHARMING. How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose instantly. This simple acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25c, together with a marriage guide, Egyptian oracle, dreams, hints to ladies, wedding-night, shirt, &c. A queer book. Address, T. William & Co, Pitts., Pa. Apr 28, 76-4w

IT PAYS

any smart man who wishes to make $5,000 a year or small capital to commence in our line of business. Nothing to risk. SPECIALTY. There is no one in your county who carries on the business. You can learn it in one week by studying our instructions, which we send to all who ask for them. Any man having $100 capital to start with can purchase enough material to fool three ordinary horses. The sum realized from sale and profit on this supply, added to the regular pay for labor as Roofer, should amount to not less than $200. An expert man can easily do the work in nine working days. Two persons of small means can join together to advantage; one can manage, while the other attends to the work. Send for our book of instructions (free if you write at once), and study it. Ask for terms. If you are unable to advance the money present the matter to the principal storekeeper in your place, talk it over with him, he will be glad to furnish the stock and divide the profits with you. We will guarantee the territory to the first responsible applicant. Address N. Y. SLATE ROOFING CO., Limited, 4 Cedar St., N. Y., and mention this paper. D. & Co. Apr 28-4w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PENMANSHIP.

Teachers, clerks, and all others, ladies and gentlemen, who wish to write elegantly should address with stamp, for terms and specimens,

M. E. BENNETT, PENMAN,
April 7-4w. Bloomsburg, Pa.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT

PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber will offer at private sale

THREE TOWN LOTS

in the town of Light Street, Columbia county. The improvements consist of a two-story frame house, with necessary outbuildings, a blacksmith shop and small frame house suitable for a shop.

Terms made easy for purchasers.

J. H. KEIM.
Light Street, April 14-2m.

FOR SALE!

400 ACRES OF COAL LAND

Lying in Briar Creek and Fishing Creek Townships, in Columbia County, and only about four miles from Berwick. The land is well timbered and a large vein of coal open on said property.

For terms and conditions of sale, address or call upon

R. DOWNING,
April 21.-3m. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

NOTICE!

Another ready pay store on and after May 1, 1876. The subscriber will adopt strictly the ready pay system. He is determined not to be undersold and offers every thing for cash a general assortment of lumber consisting of flooring and pine boards, plank, joist, lath, siding, sawed and shaved shingles, worked flooring, &c., also a good assortment of furniture made by an experienced workman; round and falling leaf extension table, dining parlor centre, and breakfast tables, bureaus, bed steads, secretaries, chairs &c. Call and see for yourself. All persons having planing stuff are requested to call immediately and settle, and pay at least a part of their indebtedness.

P. D. BLAKE,
April 7, 4t. Hollenback, Pa.


## SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs to the Sheriff of Columbia county directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, MAY 1, 1876,

all that real estate situate in Roaring-reek township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of Ashley Hess; on the south by lands of Michael Strouser; on the east by land of E. Leidy, on the north by land of Michael Strouser, and on the west by lands of Michael Stronsser; containing forty acres, more or less, whereon is erected a dwelling house and outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Scott township, Columbia county, bounded on the east by public road, on the south by Isaac Hess, on the west by a line quarry, on the north by Benjamin Miller; containing seven acres, more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

A farm situate in the same township, bounded on the south by public road, on the west by public road leading to the railroad, on the north by railroad, on the east by Alfred Beal, whereon are erected a two story frame house, a bank barn and outbuildings; said farm containing forty acres, more or less, with the appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of James Carr.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Buckhorn, Columbia county, bounded on the north by John Keller, on the east by Nehemiah Reece, on the south by Joseph Summers, on the west by public road; being the same lot owned by lands of Jacob Girton, and on the north by lands of Gideon Heist; containing thirty acres, more or less, whereon are erected a story log dwelling house, a frame house, a stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Christian Heist.

ALSO,

All that certain tenement or tract of land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: beginning at a post corner of land of Elizabeth Latimer; south 74½ degrees west 25½ perches to a chestnut sapling, thence by land of Sarah Swank north 15½ degrees east 20⅝ perches to a stone, thence by land of Jacob Hontz north 74½ degrees east 25½ perches to a post, corner of Elizabeth Lutz, and thence by the same north 15½ degrees west 2 5½ perches to the place of beginning, containing 45 acres and 93 perches, strict measure; whereon are erected a two-story frame house, barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that certain property in Main township, Columbia county, Penna., beginning at a beech tree, thence by lands of Jacob Hunterner north eighty degrees east 200 perches to a post, thence south 11½ degrees west 54 perches to a stone, thence north 85½ degrees west 27 perches to a stone, thence south 22½ degrees west 27 perches to a Spanish oak, thence north 87¼ degrees west 41½ perches to a white pine tree, thence south 84 degrees west 112 perches to a stone, thence south 85 degrees west 112 perches to a stone, thence south 8½ degrees west 93 perches to a post, thence north 82½ degrees east 32 perches to a beech tree, the place of beginning; containing 114 acres and 121 perches and allowance, be the same more or less, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of Stephen H. Swank and Sarah Swank.

ALSO,

All that lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the north by an alley, on the east by Market street, on the south by a Main street, and on the west by Forster's alley; being 50 feet front and 240 feet deep, more or less; on which are erected a new two-story frame house, coal house, pig pen and other outbuildings.

ALSO,

All that certain real estate situate in Scott township, Columbia county, bounded on

# THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1876


### Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

| | NORTH. | SOUTH. |
|---|---|---|
| Accommodation Train, | 8.45 A. M. | 7.40 A. M. |
| Mail Train | 7.40 A.M | 8. 3 P. M |
| Express Train | 1.33 P. M. | 11.54 A. M |
| " " | 5.34 P. M. | |

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

| | NORTH. | SOUTH |
|---|---|---|
| Accommodation Train | 6.28 A. M. | 7.30 P. M. |
| Regular Express | 3.58 P. M. | 11.33 A. M. |

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

Chas. M. Lee, school superintendent of Wyoming Co. was in town last Wednesday.

The woods on the Catawissa Mountains were on fire last Friday night and burned brilliantly.

W. F. Sapp is a candidate for Congress in Iowa. If the election is held in the Spring out there Sapp ought to run well.

On and after Monday next J. L. Girton will run his omnibus to meet the evening train, at Rupert, on the Catawissa R. R.

No Sheriff has been appointed by the Governor. Murphy is doing well, and we suggest that he had better remain.

Brown was in Harrisburg this week, looking after things, and the result is that the *Republican* has not much in it but abuse of the COLUMBIAN.

G. P. Driesbach, of Glen City, has reduced the price of goods in his store, and now sells for cash only. He has a full stock of new goods.

Hon. A. Boyd Hamilton, of Harrisburg, has been elected temporary president of the Pennsylvania State agricultural society, vice George Scott deceased.

A lady friend who does not like slang, says she can see no meaning in the phrase "pull down your chin"—nor can we—though we had never heard it, before she mentioned it.

We have seen the first Spring bonnet and it is, really, "a love of a hat." If it is a fair sample of what is to come, the ladies may be congratulated on their good taste this season.

John Gibbs was so unfortunate as to lose one of his horses last Friday. The animal had its leg broken the night before, by a kick from the horse in an adjoining stall, and had to be killed.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL BILL.—It has passed both branches of the Legislature appropriating $30,000 by a unanimous vote. The Governor withholds his signature. We refrain from comments for the present.

Note Books, and Receipt Books for Vendues or for Administrators, Executors and Guardians; School orders, Poor orders, and Store orders, just printed, and neatly bound, in numbers to suit purchasers, for sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

W. H. Brown, the grocer, made a singular purchase last week. He bought all the trout in the ponds of a man living up Fishing creek and sold the lot, weighing we understand between 20 and 30 pounds, at eighty-five cents per pound. Expensive eating, that.

The Schuylkill county poor house has an inmate one hundred years old. There must have been a mistake in the census of 1776. There are more centenarians about, than the reported population of the country a hundred years ago would seem to warrant.

Judge Watson, of Bucks county, filed an opinion last week against the payment by the county commissioners of the costs charged by justices of the peace for committing tramps and other vagrants to prison, as has been the practice for many years past.

SNAKES.—On Monday of this week Mr. A. W. Fritz, while crossing the fields between the Centennial mill and Mr. James D. Miller's, was attacked by a lot of blacksnakes, and after a chase of several rods, turned and killed three of them while the others disappeared.—*Berwick Independent.*

The annual meeting of the Columbia county Agricultural Society, for the election of officers, will be held in the Opera House at Bloomsburg, on Saturday, May 13th, at two o'clock P. M. By order of Executive Committee.

J. P. CONNOR, Chairman.

2w.

A Carlisle man has sent a mammoth ox to the Centennial. The gigantic beast weighs nearly 6 500 pounds, *is* a beautiful roan in color and measures four feet across the back. Those of our farmers who go to Philadelphia to see the great show, should take a look at this animal.

Clothes line agents are now traveling through the State, swindling farmers. It is the old fraud in a new shape. They get the farmer's name simply as a reference and it returns to him after a few days in the shape of a bill for $100. The only safe plan is to refuse to sign your name to any papers whatever, presented by agents.

Moths will work in carpets in rooms that are kept warm in the winter as well as in the summer. A sure method of removing the pests is to pour strong alum-water on the floor to the distance of half a yard around the edges before laying the carpets. Then once or twice during the season sprinkle salt over the carpet before sweeping. Insects do not like salt, and sufficient adheres to the carpet to prevent their alighting upon it.

Nicholas Seybert and Mr. Williams, late Commissioners of Luzerne, have been bound over to answer charges of malfeasance in office. Gershbacher, the other commissioner has disappeared—probably gone to find Herdic and Embick. A board of three auditors has been appointed by the Court to see if any "crookedness" can be found for the past seven years. We refrain from expressing any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the parties until both sides have been heard.

A special meeting of the Town Council was held in the Council Chamber on the 19th instant to take into consideration the opening of Jefferson alley to the L. & B. R. R. It was ordered that the Secretary notify owners on said proposed street that the Council are about to pass an ordinance widening and extending said alley, and that owners will be heard on the evening of May 3d, at the next regular meeting.

It was ordered that the Town Treasurer be allowed one per cent on the moneys received and disbursed on town bonds. The oaths of policemen were received and filed.

Notice was given that at the next regular meeting an amendment to the ordinance regulating the running of cattle in the town limits will be offered.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

A little son of John Coleman, who resides on Seventh Street, was run over by a coal car on Tuesday afternoon and so horribly mangled that he died in about two hours. The accident occurred near the planing mill and the child, who was eight or nine years old, was indulging in the practice, common to boys, of getting on and off the train whilst in motion. Almost every bone in the child's body was broken and the physicians who were speedily summoned pronounced the case hopeless. The poor little fellow was unconscious to the end and it is probable that he suffered no pain. Parents cannot be too strict with their children as regards their playing on or about cars, and hundreds of deaths caused by the carelessness and recklessness of children, prove the necessity of watchfulness.

Our genial friend Mayberry G. Hughes is a Judge—an Associate Judge. The Governor and Senate did it—the people of Columbia County did not vote on the question. He will prove to be a popular and efficient officer, and for once the Governor has respected the wishes of the people. *Score one for Catawissa.*

The examination of the Normal School at this place will take on the 26th of June. Prof. Cooper and Superintendents Wright and Noetling will serve on the board of examiners. A student must receive four affirmative votes out of five, in order to graduate, as appears from a circular issued by State Superintendent Wickersham.

Col. James J. Conner, a well known coal operator of Pottsville, died on the 20th inst. He built the first colliery in the Mahanoy region and was the first lessee of the Stephen Girard estate and shipped the first coal from the lands belonging to the city of Philadelphia. He served with distinction as colonel of a regiment during the late war.

The COLUMBIAN *did* and still does complain about our Post Office accommodations and management. It did not originate in personal spleen as the editor of the *Republican* well knows, but from the necessity to the business community to have a good Post Office, and an efficient Post Master. The Editors of the COLUMBIAN are responsible for all that appears in its columns

The United States Treasury and the Bloomsburg Banking Company began the issue of silver coins on the same day, April 20th. We happened in the bank on that day and were surprised and delighted to see boxes heaped with silver, which the genial cashier was exchanging for greenbacks, and without asking any premium. Silver is a novelty, but it is inconvenient to carry, and it will not be long before fractional currency will be sought after with avidity, and greenbacks will be at a premium.

[Communicated.]

MESSRS. EDITORS OF THE COLUMBIAN:—For the exposure of the post-office nuisance in this town, through your paper of the 21st inst., you are entitled to the thanks of the business public. It has become insufferable, and has called forth many remarks from the best of our townsmen of all parties. I have known instances where the same letters had to be carried to the office three times in one day before they could be mailed. Your allegation on the changing of mails is not too strong, if strong enough. I hope the official will profit by the prompting you have given him. A. G.

We understand that our County Commissioners intend to employ a man to take charge of the jail and be general Court House janitor, which, if done, will relieve the Sheriff from watching prisoners when he is otherwise engaged. By this plan they intend running the prison on a system, with a view to economy, safety and neatness, and at the same time all of the public buildings, including water closets, &c., can be kept neat and clean. The cost of a regular janitor above what is now paid for cleaning, fireman at courts &c, it is thought would barely equal the amount that could be saved in jail. We look at it as just the thing needed.

How many men go to the Recorder's Office with their deeds for record, without taking any money with them to pay the tax and fees, and when told that the tax and fees are due when the instruments are left for record, they look with astonishment, and occasionally one turns on his heels and leaves, muttering to himself, "Well, there is no compulsion about this, I can take care of my deeds, at least till *his* term is out." It is true, the law makes it the duty of the Recorder to collect all taxes and fees before he enters any instrument for record, and make a sworn return and pay over all dues in the shape of taxes to the State Treasurer *every three months.* There will be plenty of land litigation in this County, like all other counties, as it becomes older; and those who take the risks are the ones who generally come in for a full share of the losses. A good and strong point is the clear record title, which they *never have.*

A REMARKABLE CASE.—The Shamokin "Times" notes the following remarkable case: —Two weeks ago a man named Haas died in Mahantongo Valley, about eight or ten miles south of Shamokin. Preparations were made for the funeral, and the body was conveyed to Naurer's Church, where the funeral service was delivered. As the friends were about taking final leave of the corpse some one suggested that the man did not appear to be dead, and as there seemed to be considerable doubt on the subject, the body was taken home again, and a watch kept over it. The man remained in about the same condition for eight or ten days —until one day this week, when he showed signs of decay, and after having been examined by a physician and pronounced unquestionably dead, the body was buried.

This is one story. Another report is that the man is not yet buried and his friends refuse to believe him dead. Hundreds have visited the supposed corpse, and the remarkable case has caused great excitement throughout Mahantongo Valley.

THE JUDGE'S HAT.—Last Friday was remarkable for the high wind that prevailed. Fences were prostrated in all directions, and many houses and barns unroofed. Old Boreas had no respect for the gray hairs of age nor the skirts and bonnets of blushing maids. Clouds of dust penetrated the houses of the rich and poor alike. Unfortunately for him, on that day our President Judge was taking a ride from Espy to this place. At Troup's bridge the winds recognized a proper subject for a prank, and before an injunction could be issued, his silk hat, which had weathered many a storm, was whisked into the canal. No one else was present, and of course judges don't swear. A desperate effort was now made to rescue the floating title, which was bobbing up and down on the waves, and sailing dead before the wind and against the current. The Judge thereupon resorted to an expedient suggested by boyhood experience, of coercing ashore the absent hat by throwing stones on the farther side. It was lonesome business, and besides he was out of practice. He persevered, however, until a huge stone, thrown with energy, landed *in* the hat, so rumor says and sank it from sight forever. That is why the Court came into town bareheaded. It was not intended as any matter of special respect to our citizens.

A bill has passed second reading in the senate to provide additional reward for the apprehension and conviction of horse thieves. It provides that in addition to the sum now authorized by law to be paid for the apprehension and conviction of horse thieves, the commissioners of the several counties of this commonwealth are hereby authorized and required to pay by warrant drawn on the county treasurer to the person entitled to such reward, such further sum as in the opinion of the court before whom such horse thief shall have been tried and convicted, such person is entitled to for the time and money expended in apprehending such horse thief, and in attendance at court during such trial, not however exceeding $100. It shall be the duty of the court to decide and fix upon the amount of such additional reward, and inquire who is the person or persons entitled thereto, and shall direct the clerk of said court to certify the same with the name of the county in which the owner of the horse, mare or gelding resides, to the Commissioners who are hereby directed and required to draw their warrant on the treasurer of said county in favor of said claimant, or claimants, for the amount so certified, all of which shall be done free of all costs and charges of said claimant, or claimants.

Mr. Packard, an artist of the New York *Graphic* staff, has been making sketches of the principal buildings in and about Bloomsburg. He has recently finished a fine sketch of the Normal School buildings, which, with others already made, will be published in the new County map. Mr. Packard's drawings are very accurate and are beautifully finished.

We have been shown a curious stone, found by Jonathan Chromis, at the river, which bears a striking resemblance to a human face. The water has worn holes in the stone, forming sockets for the eyes, a mouth, and even nostrils, whilst the shape of the nose is perfectly preserved. The mouth appears open and the whole appearance of the face is the most grotesque imaginable. The stone is certainly one of the queerest specimens of the effects of the action of water we have ever seen.

Numerous letters have come to our table from various sources urging our emphatic contradiction of the published report that employment can be had by any number of young girls at the Centennial Exhibition. It seems a letter or circular has been widely distributed signed by parties representing themselves as "agents for the Centennial Commission," offering remunerative situations, expenses paid, and wages in advance. Girls are advised by the circular not to consult their parents, but to come without their knowledge. The managers of the Exhibition have no such agents and have authorized no such statements as the above. The scheme is so transparently vile that we hope it may defeat itself. Young girls who have the fear of death and perdition before their eyes will not so much as read one of these invitations to suicide. Philadelphia can furnish an honest living to no one who will not give honest work for it. The country maiden who is comfortably cared for in her own quiet village is a hundred-fold better conditioned than she could be there. She may take our word for it—the "Agents" who are scattering their infamous circulars through the country can give her neither honest work nor an honest living.

GOOD.—The Post Master Editor don't like it that we find fault with his den, which he facetiously calls a post office, and in retaliation he informs the public that the COLUMBIAN "is published in an alley, up stairs, in a back room, and perhaps the filthiest public place in town." Just so, the COLUMBIAN office, as every body knows, is located on the same alley as the Court House. It is perhaps as dirty as any public place in town, except the post office. A printing office is never as neat as a parlor, but we are ready at any time to compare neatness with the *Republican*. Since they have opened the ball we will go a little farther in the description of the COLUMBIAN office. The editorial department occupies four rooms, the smallest of which is larger than the one used by the *Republican*. Our composing room is larger than the sanctum and composing room of the *Republican* together, and our press room is larger than their sanctum and the post office, and we employ three more hands than they do. The COLUMBIAN *owns* the building in which it is published, and the material in the office, but the P. M. Editor dares not claim even a small font of type as his own. They make one mistake knowingly. If they refer to dirt in our sanctum, which is public, they know the charge is false. If they refer to our composing room, they know that is not a public place, no one being allowed to enter except on business. If you want comparisons, give us a full one.

### DEDICATION OF THE NEW NORMAL BUILDING.

According to announcement, the exercises of dedicating the new Normal Dormitory were held in the Normal Hall, on Wednesday, the 26th, at two o'clock P. M. The Hall was filled with citizens of the town and vicinity, and the faces of many former students at the institution were noticed among the audience. On the platform were members of the Board of Trustees, the speaker of the day, ex-Gov. Pollock, the clergy of the town, and other prominent citizens. Shortly after two o'clock, Charles G. Barkley, Esq., Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, opened the exercises by announcing that the first thing on the programme, would be a prayer by the Rev. Dr. McCron. The audience stood while the Divine blessing was invoked on the institution and all connected with it. Then followed a song by the Bloomsburg Quartette Club, entitled "We come with song to greet you." The club is well known, and is always welcome before a Bloomsburg Audiance. The short time given for preparation for this occasion, however, was a disadvantage under which they labored. Their singing was applauded. Then came the speech of the day. In a few well chosen remarks the chairman introduced Ex. Gov. James Pollock, who spoke for about three quarters of an hour, in an easy and entertaining manner. His speech was cut short by the arrival of train time, when he had to depart. We will print the speech in full next week, as reported *verbatim* for the COLUMBIAN.

After the speech came another song by the Quartette Club, "Fairy Moonlight." Dr. T. L. Griswold, Principal of the school, then briefly stated why the school was opened, and the building dedicated before it was fully completed; to furnish homes for the teachers, thus avoiding expense by getting board at first cost; to accommodate pupils; to comply with the statute requiring a twelve week's consecutive attendance by pupils who wish to take advantage of state appropriations, and yet not to have the term run too far into the Summer. Rev. D. J. Waller, Sr. being called upon, made a few well timed remarks, and the Quartette Club sang another song, "See our oars." Mr. Barkley then announced that the formal exercises were closed, but extended an invitation to all present who desired, to visit the New Building and inspect the work, which invitation was accepted by many. Thus closed the afternoon's work. The spring term of school began yesterday morning.

## Deaths.

MATHER.—In Greenwood, April 8th, ult., Harry W. Mather, aged 9 years, 5 months, 16 days.

DIEFFENBACH.—In Bloomsburg, on the 19th inst, Mrs. Sarah Dieffenbach, widow of Rev. Jacob Dieffenbach, formerly pastor of the Reformed congregations of Bloomsburg and vicinity, at the advanced age of 82 years, 11 months and 3 days.

Mrs. Dieffenbach was one of the oldest inhabitants of Bloomsburg, her maiden name was Andreas. She was born in Heidelberg township, Northampton county, Pa., May 16, 1793. On the 28th of December, 1813, she was married to Rev. Jacob Dieffenbach, residing at Lynnville, Lehigh county, Pa. In October 1815, they moved to Bloomsburg. They lived here about 8 years, when they moved to Espy, where Mr. D.'s congregation had bought a parsonage. Here, on the 13th of April, 1825, Mr. Dieffenbach died, after which his widow returned to Bloomsburg, where she resided until her death. She was buried on Saturday afternoon, the 22d inst, in the old graves and on the hill, where once stood the log church in which her husband used to preach, and beside which he also was buried. She was a good woman, and sleeps in peace after a long life of many trials and hardships.

FARMERS, ATTENTION.—Russel takes Butter Eggs, Lard and Produce in exchange for goods

HAAS' EXPECTORANT—The great Remedy for coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all Diseases of the throat and lungs. Will Cure, and oftenwhen the case apparently hopeless. We do not mean to say, that when the Lungs are destroyed any medicine can create them anew. But we do say, that if a person has a Violent Cough, Night Sweats, Creeping Chills, is confined to bed a cure may be effected.

J. B. Dunkle & Co.—Dear Sirs—I have used Haas' Expectorant in my family for 20 years, and have the experience of knowing its great merits, and so gladly recommend it to all sufferers with those distressing complaints for which it is intended

GEN. W. REIFSNYDER,

Gallipolis, Ohio, Nov. 9, 1875.

Try it! PRICE 25 CENTS. Sold by all Druggists. Feb. 11.—3m

## Business Notices

Espytown Steam Planing Mill for sale or rent Address, N. U. Funk, March 24-tf Bloomsburg, Pa.

For Rent—A first-class office in the *Columbian* Building, fronting the Court House. Apply at this office. tf.

ACCIDENT.—Buy an Accident Policy of M. W. Nuss, office Court House Bloomsburg.

Appleton "A" Muslins, 10 cents per yard at Lutz & Sloan's or 9 cents by the bolt.

Canned fruits of all kinds at Russell's.

All kinds of Bedding Plants for sale by J. L. Dillon Florist. Bloomsburg Pa. Plants sent safely by mail to any address, 10 Verbenas for $1.00 other Plants in proportion. Send for price list.

Just in this morning, a new lot of Real Silk Guipure, Yak, and Ecru Laces. Linen for dresses &c at Clark & Wolf's.

Specie payments under one dollar given in change at I. W. Hartmans's.

A motto for every man: "Buy your clothing at D. Lowenberg's."

New goods this week at E. M. Knorr's.

Fishing Tackle in all varieties at J. Schuyler & Son's.

You can get imported Black Alpaca at Lutz & Sloan's for 25 cents per yard.

James Hill, Commission Merchant for the purchase and sale of Grain, Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Potatoes, Apples, &c, Pittston, Pa. Consignments solicited. April 21-6w

A large lot of Base Balls, of the latest and best patterns, Bats &c., now on hand at Geo. A. Clark's book store.

A large selection of trout flies at J. Schuyler & Son's.

300 Pairs Slippers at McKinney's.

M. M. Russell pays 40 cents a pound for butter. Attention, farmers.

Moyer Bros. have just received a full assortment of Sponges, of all grades, and at various prices. The most complete lot in town.

White Goods, Nainsooks, Tarlatans, Swisse, Cuffs, Collars, Embroideries, Ruffles, Chenille for veilings, and a large line of Ladies' Goods, the very latest out, and at lowest cash prices at Clark & Wolf's.

Ladies Lasting Gaiters 1.25 at McKinney's.

*Opinions of the Public.*

"The largest and best stock of Clothing." —John Smith.

"The best fitting ready-made Clothing." —Brown.

"Economy and durability combined."—Jones.

"In fact, no man should be without a *Suit of Clothes* from D. Lowenberg's."—Public Opinion.

TO THE PUBLIC. W. H. Brown has received from the city markets a full supply of Fruits, canned and dried, foreign and domestic, of every description, fresh and good. His Groceries embrace all varieties from high to low. His Teas are from 30 cents to $1 for new crop Teas. Such Groceries as his are good things to have about the house —better than Greenbacks. People eat and get fat on them and sleep well o' nights. Every body ought to buy them and keep them, so to speak, in their teeth.

You can find in Brown's Store the cheapest set of Iron-Stone China Ware, imported at the lowest figures. His Wood and Willow Wares are extremely cheap. His Fish and Mackerel, new and bright, by the quarter, half and whole barrel at the lowest prices. Full weight and warranted to give satisfaction or can be returned. He keeps the Paragon Dried Meats—Beef Tongue and Venison sliced in ¼ lb boxes. He sells the Gold Soap—a prize of one gold dollar in every box. Beautiful Gilt Cans of Coffee and Tea—Men love 'em—Women can't get enough of 'em. Nothing like it to be found outside of W. H. Brown's Grocery. It's a big thing—immense. You will know how it is yourself when you try one. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Prime Shelled Almonds, Brazil Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Filberts, Confectionrey, French Candies, Figs, Raisins and Currants, always fresh and good. Don't bothers the girls to tell how he keeps goods so fresh.

County Produce taken in exchange for Goods. Give Brown a call, farmers, and you will not regret it.

April 28 4w.

New Orleans Baking Molasses, choice Syrups from 80 cents to $1 a gallon. A fine assortment of Young Hyson, Imperial, Japan and Black Teas at M. M. Russel's.

NOTICE.—All accounts on our books remaining unpaid after May 15, 1876 will be placed in the hands of the law for collection J. Schuyler & Son.

3w.

Spring Shoes at E. M. Knorr's at very low prices.

Silks in blacks. Pongees in all colors. Silk-warp Alpacas, black and colored Alpacas at 25 cents and upwards; in fact one of the largest lines of Dress Goods to be found in town at the prices. A full line of Domestic Goods at as low rates as can be found. Call at Clark & Wolf's.

Lutz & Sloan commenced paying out silver coin on Monday for change.

Fresh lot of Hoes, Rakes and all kinds of Garden Tools just received by J. Schuyler & Son.

Fine Tube Paints, suitable for artists and for fine painting just received by Moyer Bros.

For a nobby Hat go to Lowenberg.

The best Calico 8 cents for cash or produce at I. W. Hartman's.

Lutz & Sloan sells handsome Reversible Ottoman Ladie's Shawls for 75 cents each.

The stock of D. Lowenberg is now replete with all the leading novelties for spring and summer wear. Call and see the leading styles at D. Lowenberg's.

Flour and Feed at M. M. Russell's.

Buy the Ellwood Collar at McKinney's.

Butter 40 cents a pound, Eggs 18 cents a dozen, at M. M. Russell's.

Lutz & Sloan have just received a lot of Black Cashmere and Drap D' Ete and trimmings for Ladies Sacques.

Dress Shirts just received at D. Lowenberg's.

Calf Boots very cheap at E. M. Knorr's.

Oranges and Lemons always on hand at M. M. Russell's.

Lasting Slippers 90 cents at McKinney's.

Don't forget to call and examine E. M. Knorr's Spring Goods before buying elsewhere.

Suits made up in city style at D. Lowenberg's.

COAL. COAL

**Old Established Coal Yard.**

C. W. NEAL & BRO., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in all sizes of the best qualities of Red and White Ash Coal, at the very lowest market rates. Have constantly on hand large stocks of

Domestic,
Cupola,
Blacksmith's Anthracite,
Bituminous,
and Limeburner's Coal.

Especial attention given to the preparation of coal before leaving our yards. Grain and Lumber taken in exchange for coal. Coal delivered to any part of the town at short notice. Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's store, or at our office, will receive prompt attention. Office and Yards at William Neal & Sons' Furnace, East Bloomsburg. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

COAL. [7—tf—25] COAL

# A MATTER OF POPULAR INTEREST.

We condense from the *Lehigh Register* the substance of a conversation about Oak Hall, in Philadelphia, by Wanamaker & Brown's "Largest Clothing House in America." A visitor and attendant are the speakers:

*Visitor.* "What corner is the Building on?"

*Attendant.* "South-East corner of Sixth and Market. Please note the SIXTH, for some strangers seeking Oak Hall, have been misled by designing persons."

V. "It is perfectly colossal! Do you know its dimensions?"

A. "12,000 square feet—66 on Market, and 180 odd on Sixth, six stories high, has over three acres of flooring, and covers space once occupied by more than twenty different business places."

V. "Do you use steam-power?"

A. "A giant young engine furnishes power for the freight and passenger elevators, and the boilers steam for heating, and the other operations of the house."

V. "What order do you take with goods?"

A. "They are first opened and arranged in the basement, on long low counters, and taken thence on the freight elevator to the inspector's room on the main floor."

V. "It is inspected the first operation?"

A. "No, sir, measured. The goods are first measured in the piece, then inspected. The cloth passes over rollers in the face of a strong light, and two men sit, one before and one behind the goods, watching with the eye of a hawk for the least pin-hole imperfection, and marking every flaw, so that the cutter may see and avoid it when he comes to cut the garments."

V. "You must employ an army of cutters?"

A. "Come to our fifth floor and see! We keep 70 hands all the time, cutting up the cloth into garments,—besides the machines that do a dozen men's work each in a stroke."

V. "Do you manufacture all your own goods?"

A. "We do, and most carefully. Our examiners inspect every stitch and seam, and certify to every garment as extra-well made before we put our ticket on it, and become responsible for it."

V. "Your system must save you a great deal?"

A. "In every direction, sir. It is the system and economy we practice all over the house, that enables us to put our prices down to the people as we do."

V. "After inspecting the work, what becomes of it?"

A. "Before it goes into Stock it is *ticketed.* Every single garment has its number and other points noted on it, so that its entire history can be traced without fail, upon our books."

V. "You must have 20 or 40 salesmen?"

A. "Why sir, on busy days you may see 100 in the various rooms and suites of rooms, selling to the throngs of customers."

V. "Do you do an order business by mail and express?"

A. "Very great. All over the country. Our perfect system and rules of self-measurement make it possible to please people 2,000 miles away as perfectly as if they were here in person."

V. "I suppose you have at least half a dozen different departments?"

A. "My dear sir! we have more than *twenty,* each charged with its own business, and each thoroughly organized, a necessary wheel within the great wheel."

V. "Will you name a dozen or so of them?"

A. "With pleasure. The Custom Department, for those who prefer custom-made to ready-made. The Furnishing Department, with its large stock of all underwear. The Shirt Factory, with its busy machines, making our own first-class shirts. The Trimming Department, itself as big as many a regular store. The Garment Stock Room. The Receiving Room. The Order Department, named before. The Special Uniforms Department. The Delivery Department, with its army of messengers. The—"

V. "Hold, hold! sir, enough."

A. "I'm not half through! The Advertising Department, with its bill and sign distributors, editing and publishing business and popular journal, circulating *free,* 10,000 copies monthly to all parts of the country. The Men's Department, with its many rooms. The Boys' Department. The Youths' Department. The Children's Department, with its special entrance for ladies. The Telegraph Department. The Chief Clerk's Department, with its book-keepers and assistants. General Manager's Department; Financier's Office, and other offices of the firm; all of which keeps thinking, planning, executing, buying, making, registering, receiving, sending out, selling, and in a thousand ways joining their forces to carry on a business with the people scattering to between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 annually."

V. "Stupendous!"

A. "Indeed it is! I forgot to name the Cashier's Department, which handles its $20,000 of retail sales on some single days!"

V. "$20,000! Immense! What, what enables the house to buy cheap and sell cheap?"

A. "Exactly! You have put it in it. The people throng here, knowing that we depend on low prices and immense sales."

V. "What are the 'FOUR RULES' I hear so much about?"

A. "Our system of business dealing—1. One price, no deviation; 2. Cash for everything; 3. A guarantee protecting the purchaser; 4. The money returned if the buyer can't otherwise be suited."

V. "Nothing could be fairer."

A. "Nothing. And the people see it."

V. "Well, I thank you, sir, for your polite attention."

A. "Not at all. It's a pleasure to serve you. Call again; and be sure of the place—Wanamaker & Brown's Oak Hall, Sixth-East corner Sixth and Market."

V. "Thank you! I shall be happy to do so. Good morning."

## J. H. MAIZE'S

## MAMMOTH GROCERY.

Corner Main and Center Streets

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

The largest stock of groceries and provisions, Queensware, Glassware &c., &c., in the county, for sale at wholesale or retail at the very lowest prices.

Oct. 8, 1875

## GEORGE A. CLARK,

**BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,**

Dealer in Law Blanks, Sunday School Libraries, Depositary of the Pennsylvania Bible Society,

WINDOW CURTAINS, WALL PAPER, PICTURE FRAMES, REWARD CARDS.

Books and supplies not on hand can be furnished

*On Short Notice at the Most Reasonable Rates.*

Store in Exchange Hotel Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Oct. 8, 1875—

SEEDS, VEGETABLE & FLOWER Plants, Roses, Dahlias, Fuchsias, Geraniums, Bedding Plants, Gladiolus, etc. Send a stamp for Dreer's Garden Calendar, 100 pages, illustrated, with practical directions. HENRY A. DREER, 714 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. Mar. 21, '76.—6t.

## KAUB FRYMIER & EDWARDS,

Successors to B. Dorsey & Son,

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE.

Old Stand, 922 Market St., opp. new P. O., Phila.

Are offering great inducements to purchasers of FRENCH CHINA DINNER and TEA SETS, plain and decorated, choice styles and superior quality. An extensive and varied assortment of CHAMBER SETS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GLASSWARE, plain, cut, and engraved. Our stock has been carefully selected and purchased for cash, enabling us to sell at the lowest prices. Especial care devoted to our retail department. Particular attention given to the execution of china and glass to order, in full sets or to match broken sets. Full line of latest styles and best makes of SILVER-WARE.

D & Co. March 17-19w

Send 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., NEW YORK, for Pamphlet of 100 PAGES, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. March 10, '76-13t

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Take notice, that on the 2d day of April, 1876, I bought at constable's sale the articles enumerated below, and have loaned the same to John H. Riecker to be used during my pleasure. All persons are forbidden to interfere with his possession of the same: One pig, cupboard and dishes, 3 tables, 4 stands cook-stove and utensils, 12 chairs, crock, 2 rocking chairs, parlor stove and pipe, 3 bottles, 25 yards of carpet, 2 tubs, copper kettle, iron kettle, two looking-glasses, sewing machine, 3 beds and bedding, hot bed-room carpet, bureau, meat stand.

PETER ENT.

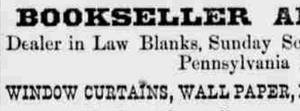
Light Street, April 4, 1876-4w.

## HOMEOPATHIC FAMILY MEDICINE CASES.

And books giving plain and concise directions for their use are, are a necessity in every household; for often will a timely dose of medicine stave off a serious case of sickness.

Messrs BOERICK & TAFEL, 145 Grand St., New York, will send a catalogue describing the different styles and sizes of case, to any address on receipt of a stamp. Theirs is the oldest establishment of its kind in America, having been founded in 1835.

Apr 14-8w.




*An agent just cleared $199 first 3 weeks selling the*

LIFE AND LABORS OF DR. LIVINGSTONE

Another $80 first 6 days. Over 40,000 copies of this standard life of the Veteran Explorer sold. 150,000 more needed by the people. A book of matchless interest, profusely illustrated, and very cheap. A rare chance for agents. For proof and terms address Hubbard Bros., 723 Sansom St., Philadelphia. Apr 14-4w.

April 14—12 w.

CHRONIC DISEASES CURED. New paths marked out by that plainest of all books, "Plain Home Talk and Medical Common Sense"—nearly 1,000 pages, 300 illustrations, by Dr. R. R. FOOTE, of 1,500 Lexington Ave., N. Y. Patients or their local doctors are at liberty to consult its author, in person or by mail, FREE. Price by mail, postage prepaid, $2.25. Cantents tables free. AGENTS WANTED. MURRAY HILL PUBLISHING CO., (John P. Jewett, manager), 129 East 28th St., N. Y. Apr 14-12 w

The Greatest Selling Centennial Book is OUR COUNTRY AND ITS RESOURCES Rich and complete in our thrilling history of 100 years and grand in vivid descriptions of all our mighty resources in agriculture, commerce, minerals, manufactures, government, curiosities, natural wonders, works of art, &c. Richly illustrated and cheap. A splendid view of the world's foremost nation. No other book like it. Outsells mere histories five to one. Agents wanted quickly. Address Hubbard Bros., 723 Sansom street, Philadelphia. Apr 14-4w.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR TURNER'S DESSERT SAUCES NEW AND DELICIOUS FOR USE WITH DESSERT OF ALL KINDS. Gilbert & Bernheimer, Agents, Phila. D & Co. Apr 14-4w.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. March 10, '76-1y.

## Dr. Terry's Vegetable Nerve Remedy.

For a perfect restoration of the nervous system, causing an immediate and proper cure in the following cases: nervous debility, impaired nutrition of the body, lassitude, weakness in the limbs and back, indisposition and incapacity for study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, incident to both sexes, for whose benefit it is designed and whose happiness it will promote.

The most eminent physicians of this country have exerted themselves to the utmost to check the increasing fatality resulting from the relaxation of the nerves. Having for a long period devoted much study, time and labor in establishing a remedy for the perfect restoration of the nervous system, it is gratifying to be able to announce the success attending my new method. Through this remedy the nerves can be reached and in such a way that, however shaken or prostrated, they can be perfectly restored. It acts on the nerves at once, yet with gentleness—restoring them to a natural state, and rendering the above disorders impossible.

Both sexes, more or less, through the prostration of the nervous system, lose their energy. In such instances the Nerve Remedy may be relied upon in reviving the pulse and fire the vigor of youth.

The Nerve Remedy is carefully compounded and put up in boxes with full directions. Price, one dollar, expressed to any address on receipt of price.

DR. I. CHAUNCEY TERRY,
1206 Vine Street, Phila.

Office hours, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

March 10, '76-1y

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES USE WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS Put up only in BLUE BOXES.

**A Tried and Sure Remedy.**

For sale by druggists generally, and JOHNSTON HOLLOWAY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Apr 14-4w.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE WONDERFUL CAREER OF MOODY AND SANKEY

IN Great Britain and America. By an eminent divine. Has over 700 pages and 13 illustrations. Price $2. Best book to sell. No other complete. 300 agents made first month. Send for proofs. Address, H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 14 Barclay St., N. Y. Apr 14-12w.

## Juries for May Term, 1876.

GRAND JURORS.

Beaver—Elias Miller, Joseph Lehr,
Benton—Elias McHenry, Sr., John Ashleman.
Briarcreek—Adam Sult.
Berwick—W. B. Opdyke.
Bloomsburg—John S. Sterner.
Catawissa—Joseph Martz. H. J. Reeder.
Fishingcreek—J. M. Buckalew, Thomas Hutchison, L. M. Creveling.
Greenwood—Chas. Howard, David Demott.
Jackson—Clinton Lewis.
Locust—Joseph K. Rhodes, Samuel Price.
Main—Aaron Miller.
Montour—David Kreider.
Mt. Pleasant—Wm. Mowrer.
Orange—James Harman.
Roaringcreek—Elias Barry.
Scott—H. F. Omans, George M. Baker.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FIRST WEEK.

Benton—Geo. Keeler, I. K. K. Laubach, I. K. Krickbaum.
Berwick—Robert G. Crispin, Henry C. Fress.
Briarcreek—William Lamon, Andrew Fowler.
Beaver—N. Brobenecker, Jr.
Bloomsburg—John Wolf, Michael Casey, Sr., B. F. Hicks.
Catawissa—Geo. P. Briesbach.
Centralia—Seth Thomas.
Centre—Jesse Hicks.
Franklin—Joseph Reeder, Samuel E. Lohrman.
Fishingcreek—D. W. Kitchen, C. W. Kreamer, John Sutton.
Greenwood—Geo. W. Utt, J. H. Ikeler.
Hemlock—Amos B. Hartman, H. D. McPride, Nehemiah Reece.
Locust—Wm. Wilson, Jonathan Bachman, W. H. Reinbold, Isaac Johnson.
Main—James Keefer, Stacey John, P. E. Bentz.
Madison—D. A. Watson.
Mt. Pleasant—John H. Vanderslice, J. W. Hagenbuch.
Millin—Alfred W. Hess.
Scott—S. W. Edgar.

SECOND WEEK.

Beaver—Wm. Shell.
Berw

## Humorous.

Col. Vest wants to be Governor of Missouri. Pull down your vest Missouri!

"A restaurant for ladies and oysters open at all hours," is the sign on an eating house in Virginia City.

The recent frost killed off the colic crop in Georgia. There will be no cucumbers.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Why are cents separated from dollars by a point? To make sense of course. Don't you see the point?—*Dunbury News.*

It is the wife who has the making of a man's home, says an exchange. True, and now and then she makes his wigwam, too.

An Indian chief is named Step Twomiles; but we do not believe it.—*Rochester Democrat.* You don't? Why the country is full of step fathers.

Inebriated gentleman who has fallen down stairs to another who offers to help him up: "Wharzeuse slabberin round a fella? I allus come down stairs that way!"

Heaven, according to the idea of a Vermont clergyman, is 125,000,000 miles from the earth, and Blobbs stopped being good at eight o'clock in the morning. He says it's too far off.

Prof. Riley says that the grasshoppers rob the farmers of $50,000,000 a year. But their ill-gotten gains do them no good, for we constantly hear of grasshopper sufferers.

A negro was scalded to death from a boiler explosion in New Orleans last week, and on his tombstone they chiselled deeply, "Sacred to the memory of our, steamed friend."

An old Scotch lady gave a pointed reply to a minister who knew he had offended her and expressed surprise that she should come to hear him preach. She said, "My quarrel's wi' you, mon; it's no wi' the Gospel."

Young ladies who expect callers should look out who they send to the door. A Savannah belle didn't look out and her William concluded to take the servant girl instead of the belle.

An Illinois farmer's wife "declares to goodness" that after all the pamphlets which have been written about egg-laying, she can't see that the hens take hold and do it a bit better than they used 20 years ago.

The *British Medical Journal* says that persons with light-colored eyes make the most successful shots, both with the billiard cue and the rifle. But you couldn't expect a man to do well with a black eye.

The following advertisement lately appeared in an English newspaper: "A pianoforte to be sold, genuine Broadwood, by a lady about to leave England in a rosewood case on mahogany casters."

"Menu," we learn from the accomplished scholar of the Pittsburg *Commercial*, "is Latin for fodder," It is a wise child that knows his own fodder in these foreign dressings.—*Rochester Express.*

Here is the model verdict of a coroner's jury: "We do believe, after due inquiries, and according to our best knowledge, that we do not know how, when, and where said infant came to its death."

A St. Louis man who fell from a fourth-story window, says it seemed fully fifteen minutes before he struck the ground, and among other things he remembered of lending his brother-in-law twenty-one dollars without any security.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A young minister, somewhat distinguished for self-conceit, having failed disastrously before a crowded audience, was thus addressed by an aged brother: If you had gone into that pulpit, feeling as you now do on coming out of that pulpit you would have felt on coming out of that pulpit as you did when you went up into that pulpit.

Mr Buckle states that human nature has changed very little in the last three thousand years, but we do not remember any record of a Roman Senator trying to account to his wife for a light deposit of pearl powder on the left shoulder of his toga on the ground that he had been playing checkers in a grist mill.—*Norwich Bulletin.*

A young husband in Little Falls, N. Y. planned to scare his wife, with whom he had quarrelled. He went into the wood shed, fired off a gun, arranged himself on the ground as a bogus corpse, and waited for her to come out and faint at sight of him. She didn't come, however, and he was compelled to sneak into the house and hear her say, "I didn't scare worth a cent, did I?"

Four burglars stole $1,290 of a widow in Oakland, Cal., the other night and her son-in-law shot two of them, captured the third, and recovered all the money. When asked why he treated his mother-in-law in that way, he excused himself by saying that "the old women was rather weakly, and he thought the money had better remain in the family."

The New York *Mail* says that many of the brown stockings worn by ladies are so poisonous as to endanger life. Those who wear them assume an unlovely yellow color. You've got your cue now, dear reader. When you see a lady friend assumes an unlovely color, you should pull her stockings right off, and light out for a stomach pump.—*Danbury News.*

"Pa, are you in favor of the Bible in public schools?" asked a West Side youngster at the breakfast table the other morning. "Why, of course, I am," responded his father, pleased that such an important subject should engage the attention of his youthful offspring. "What makes you ask such a question, my son?" "O, nothing," rejoined young hopeful, "only I thought may be you wasn't, as you never have had one at home." The urchin dodged, but he wasn't quick enough.

"PULL DOWN YOUR VEST."—"You keep vests, my frent?" said a Dutchman, entering a clothing store, the other day. The clerk promptly averred that the store was crammed with them. "I vant a vest," said the Teuton, "vat don't rise up on its hint legs mit the neck. I bought one in Syracuse not long ago mit a dwo dollar bill, and by Shimminy, I don't notice dot myself, but everywhere I go the boys gry out mit der streets: Yacob! vy in der name of der board of drustees, don't you pull down your vest down?" and by tam I have pulled dot vest more'n dree dousand dimes, till I wore all the pindings off mit der buttons." The clerk explained the joke and sold him a vest and the old man went out with the exclamation: "Py Shimminy, I don't hear sometings about dat over in Shermany before."—*Springfield Union.*

## Agricultural.

### Clover Seed.

There is at least one product of the farm with which the market is not overstocked, and that is cloverseed. At this writing good seed commands, in bulk, from nine to ten dollars per bushel. Happy the man who has it to sell. One who writes us say that he has just disposed of his crop from eleven acres for the sum of four hundred dollars. We venture to say that man is pretty well convinced that "farming pays." But unfortunately, very few have seed to sell, and many still more unforturate, have it to buy, and dire are the complaints of this class. It is said that clover seed is in the hands of a few dealers, who are making a "corner," running up the price to extortionate figures, etc. This is all nonsense. There is not enough of it in the market to make a respectable corner. Dealers have to keep a sharp lookout to obtain enough to supply customers, and at this writing the market is almost bare at this point.

We have never advised farmers to raise clover seed for market, but we have frequently urged them to raise enough for their own use. Ordinarily, every man can do this. We know that last season was an exceptional one, and the crop was a failure over a large extent of country. But this contingency should have been provided for from the crop of the previous year. Some farmers always keep a supply of seeds, of all kinds they cultivate, a year ahead. The practice is to be commended. It provides against the accidents of the seasons, and gives a sense of security that alone is worth more than the money represented by the small amount of seed lying idle.

The advantage of having seed does not consist in saving the purchase money, simply though that is no small item now. A greater advantage is that it is sown with a more liberal hand when there is plenty of it to be had without buying. We have no doubt that a great deal of land that ought to be sown in clover this spring will go without or get but a scant supply. This should not be the case. It will pay better to buy seed than to miss the clover crop.

But whatever you do, sow enough on land you do seed, if you have to let some go without. We would rather have one acre well seeded than two half seeded. It is not too late yet to do this work. Scratch the field with a light harrow first. It will not hurt the wheat. When the clover appears give it a dressing of plaster, and it will come out all right.—*Practical Farmer.*

### Be Sociable with Your Cattle.

Said a farmer to me last spring: "When we were drawing out manure, I let the boys drive to the lot, and I stayed in the yard, because I could put on better loads. And the cows commenced to give more milk right off." Now this man is an active, industrious, intelligent, experienced farmer, and yet, when he is piling manure in the yards, his cows give a perceptible increase in their milk. Why? One of his handsome grade short-horns, that he is so proud of, seeing him around, goes up to him and says as plain as a cow can say, "Give me a lock of hay," and he gives it to her. Another says, "Mr. Stevens, don't you think that rack wants a cleaning out?" and on looking he finds to his surprise that there is a lot of dirt and wet hay seed and rubbish at the bottom. He scrapes it all out and rubs it clean with some straw, and as soon as his load is filled, and while he is waiting for the next wagon he gets a little feed, and puts in the rack, and the cows eat it and feel grateful. Between the next loads he takes the currycomb and brush and gives one of the cows a good cleaning. The other cows come around him. He is a gentleman, and his presence has a soothing effect. They chew the cud of contentment and peace. As he goes past the pump, he asks the cows whether they want a little fresh water.—They had not thought about it, but they drank a little to please him. And he goes on all day. No wonder the cows give more milk at night.—*American Agriculturist.*

### Poultry Profits.

The following article from the *Poultry Record* will be read with interest by fowl fanciers and practical farmers: "Poultry breeding has now come to be regarded as important a branch of farm industry as the raising of swine and sheep. In one sense it is more important, in that it is not every farmer who can keep sheep or swine to advantage, but every one who rents or owns a plot of land, if only the size of a city lot, can keep a few head of poultry with both pleasure and profit. When taken into consideration the vast number of eggs consumed in the United States—the city of New York alone using during the year 1872 upwards of 340,000,000, costing at wholesale $6,292,000—and when we note the immense number of tons of poultry sold in all large cities of the Union, we cannot call the poultry business one of minor importance. Yet it is but a few years since the name of poultry seemed to convey the idea of insignificance. Now, however, the proprietors of large stock farms have their flocks of pure bred fowls, which get their share of attention and study as well as the horned cattle and horses; and the net income from a well managed poultry yard is no small addition to farm receipts.

### Hogs Want Sulphur.

Whether hogs require sulphur as an essential to health, or whether it is sought by them as a condiment, may not be discovered. But one thing is true, they devour it with greed whenever it is to be found. It is for this purpose probably that they can eat large quantities of soft coal, which contains a large amount of sulphur. Perhaps this is the most economical method of supplying hogs with sulphur during winter, when they require a great deal of carbon. But in summer it is best to feed it to them in substances which contains less carbon, on account of their producing less heat. Mustard is one of the best things for this purpose and some of it should be sown in every pasture into which hogs are turned. If hogs are kept in, or are in small yards, it is well to supply them with the wild mustard that grows in the fields or highway, or to cultivate some of the better varieties for them. They will eat its leaves, its flowers, seeds and stalks.

### Food for Young Chickens.

They want no food for many hours after they are hatched, as they are then digesting the yolk of the egg, which constitutes their first food, and acquiring strength to run about. When they begin to pick they should be fed with soft food and very small grain. Unquestionably the best soft food is an egg beaten up with a tablespoon of milk, and heated in an oven or by the side of a fire until it sets into a soft custard. Chickens fed or partially fed on this make wonderful progress. If they are to make large fowls, they must be fed before daylight; if, as is often the case, they are left hungry three hours in the morning, they are often stunted in their growth. They must be fed the first thing, and, while they are young, every two or three hours during the day.


Great Reduction in Price!
Great Reduction in Price!
Great Reduction in Price!
Think of it! Think of it!
Think of it! Think of it!
Think of it! Think of it!

**BAUGH'S**

RAW BONE

TRADE MARK

**SUPER PHOSPHATE,**

Made from Raw or Unburned Animal Bones,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

We are now selling our Raw Bone Super-Phosphate at the following

**GUARANTEED ANALYSIS.**

Ammonia - - - From 3 to 4 per cent.
Soluble and Precipitated Phosphoric Acid, From 9 to 11 per cent.
Phosphate of Lime, rendered Soluable, From 20 to 24 per cent.

At NET cash wholesale prices to Farmers and Planters, F. O. B. in Philadelphia, at the following LOW PRICES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 100 Tons and over, | - | $38 per ton, 2,000 lbs. |
| 75 " to 99 Tons, | - | 39 " " " " |
| 50 " to 74 " | - | 40 " " " " |
| 26 " to 49 " | - | 41 " " " " |
| 10 " to 25 " | - | 42 " " " " |
| 1 " to 10 " | - | 43 " " " " |

**BAUGH'S**

GROUND RAW BONES.

Guaranteed Pure.

At the following CASH Prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Tons and over, | $34 00 |
| 50 " to 99 Tons | 35 00 |
| 20 " to 49 " | 36 00 |
| 10 " to 20 " | 37 00 |
| 1 " to 9 " | 38 00 |

This bone is ground pure; is not steamed or baked, and the solid bone has not been selected from it for carbonizing purposes.

Farmers are requested to give their orders to the dealer early, and if they cannot get Baugh's Standard Fertilizers from dealers, they will be supplied by us direct.

BONE MEAL.

WARRANTED PURE.

F. O. B. in Philadelphia at the following Low cash prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Tons and over, | $38 00 per Ton, 2,000 lbs. |
| 75 " to 99 Tons, | 39 00 " " " " |
| 50 " to 74 " | 40 00 " " " " |
| 20 " to 49 " | 41 00 " " " " |
| 10 " to 20 " | 42 00 " " " " |
| 7 " to 10 " | 43 00 " " " " |

PHILADELPHIA

Ground Bones,

In Bags, on Board Cars at Works,

At the following cash Prices:

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Tons and over, | $30 00 per Ton. |
| 50 " to 99 Tons | 31 00 " " |
| 33 " to 49 " | 32 00 " " |
| 14 " to 29 " | 33 00 " " |
| 1 " to 9 " | 34 00 " " |

If packed in barrels, (no tare off,) we will make a deduction of $2 per ton from above prices.

Persons desiring to take advantage of the above low prices should send in their orders at once.

No. 1

FINE BONE DUST

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Ammonia - from 2 to 4 per cent.
Phosphoric Acid " 14 to 17 " "
Bone Phosphate of Lime " 33 to 37 " "

This article is ground very fine, and is noted for its quick action, and can be bought at the following reduced prices, free on board vessels at our Philadelphia Works:

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Tons and over, | $30 per Ton, 2,000 lbs. |
| 50 " to 99 Tons | 31 " " " " |
| 20 " to 49 " | 32 " " " " |
| 10 " to 20 " | 33 " " " " |
| 1 " to 9 " | 34 " " " " |

N. B. One Dollar per Ton additional on above prices if shipped from Baltimore.

BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,
BAUGH & SONS,

20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
20 South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia.
103 South Street, Baltimore.
103 South Street, Baltimore.
103 South Street, Baltimore.

Feb. 4—1st.

CALIFORNIA

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Embraces under one management the Great Trunk Railway Lines of the WEST and NORTH-WEST, and, with its numerous branches and connections, forms the shortest and quickest route between Chicago and all points in ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, NORTHERN MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, IOWA, NEBRASKA, California and the Western Territories. Its

**Omaha and California Line**

Is the shortest and best route for all points in northern Illinois, Iowa, Dakota, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Nevada, Utah, California, Oregon, China, Japan and Australia. Its

**Chicago, Madison & St. Paul Line**

Is the short line for Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and for Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, and all points in the great North-west. Its

**Winona and St. Peter Line**

Is the only route for Winona, Rochester, Owatonna, Mankato, St. Peter, New Ulm, and all points in southern and central Minnesota. Its

**Green Bay and Marquette Line**

Is the only line for Janesville, Watertown, Fond Du Lac, Oshkosh, Appleton, Green Bay, Escanaba, Negaunee, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock and the Lake Superior country. Its

**Freeport and Dubuque Line**

Is the only route for Elgin, Rockford, Freeport, and all poit ts via Freeport. Its

**Chicago and Milwaukee Line**

Is the old Lake Shore Route, and is the only one passing through Evanston, Lake Forest, Highland Park, Waukegan, Racine, Kenosha to Milwaukee.

**Pullman Palace Cars**

are run on all through trains of this road.

This is the ONLY LINE running these cars between Chicago and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee, or Chicago and Winona.

At Omaha our sleepers connect with the overland sleepers on the Union Pacific Railroad for all points west of the Missouri river.

On the arrival of the trains from the east or south, the trains of the Chicago & North-Western Railway leave Chicago as follows:

FOR COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA AND CALIFORNIA, Two through trains daily, with Pullman palace drawing room and sleeping cars through to Council Bluffs.

FOR ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS, two through trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached to both trains.

FOR GREEN BAY AND LAKE SUPERIOR, two trains daily, with Pullman palace cars attached, and running through to Marquette.

FOR MILWAUKEE, 6 trains daily, through trains daily, parlor chair cars on day trains, with Pullman palace cars on night trains.

FOR SPARTA AND WINONA and points in Minnesota, one through train daily, with Pullman sleepers to Winona.

FOR DUBUQUE, via Freeport, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night trains.

FOR DUBUQUE AND LA CROSSE, via Clinton, two through trains daily, with Pullman cars on night train to McGregor, Iowa.

FOR SIOUX CITY AND YANKTON, two trains daily, Pullman cars to Missouri Valley Junction.

FOR LAKE GENEVA, four trains daily.

FOR ROCKFORD, STERLING, KEWANEE, JANESVILLE, and other points, you can have from two to ten trains daily.

New York office, No 415 Broadway; Boston office, 5 State Street; Omaha office, 955 Farnham Street; San Francisco office, 121 Montgomery Street; Chicago ticket offices: 62 Clark street, under Sherman House; corner Canal and Madison Streets; Kinzie Street depot, corner W. Kinzie and Canal Streets; Wells Street depot, corner Wells and Kinzie Streets.

For rates or information not attainable from your home ticket agents, apply to

W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Chicago.
MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen. Sup't, Chicago.

Feb. 4, '76-1y

LOUIS BERNHARD,

Dealer in

ELGIN WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silverware, Watches and Jewelry

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver Watches, of American and Foreign manufacture.

Silver and Plated Ware, Clocks,

FINE JEWELRY, &C., &C.

REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING

Promptly Executed.

Oct.8,'75-1y

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his large and elegant stock of

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

STRIPED,
FIGURED
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

July 1,'75-tf.

MARVINS STANDARD

FIRE BURGLAR

SAFES

COUNTER, PLATFORM WAGON & TRACK

SCALES

AGENTS WANTED
SEND FOR PRICE LIST

MARVIN SAFE & SCALE CO.

265 BROADWAY N.Y.
721 CHESTNUT ST. PHILA. PA.
108 BANK ST. CLEVE. O.

March 31, '76.-1y.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found "are the old established organs of the two political parties, at the several county seats throughout the Union." "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1806, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes weekly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from th first to the last line. It is the only recognized exponent of nearly five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisements in the COLUMBIAN tf

THE TRIUMPH TRUSS CO.

No. 334 Bowery, New York,

TO WHOM WAS AWARDED THE

PREMIUM MEDAL

FOR THE

Best Elastic Truss and Supporter

At the great American Institute Fair

(SESSION 1875.)

CURE RUPTURE IN FROM 20 TO 90 DAYS, AND OFFER $1,000 FOR A CASE THEY CANNOT CURE.

They employ a first-class Lady Surgeon. Terms moderate. Cures Guaranteed. The usual discounts to Patrons of Husbandry. Examinations Free. Orders filled by mail. Send ten cents for Descriptive Book, to DR. C. W. H. BURNHAM,

Mar. 24, '76.-1y. General Superintendent.

The Wall Street Indicator.

THIS WEEK'S ISSUE SENT FREE.

Contains Pictorial Illustrations of Bulls and Bears. Also, full and complete instructions how to operate in Stocks and Stock Privileges. Capital hits and suggestions. Also, a list of Valuable Premiums to Clubs. "send for it."

BUCKWALTER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, P. O. Box 4317. 19 Wall St., New York City.

Mar. 31, '76.-1y

HOTEL TO LEASE.

The Hotel in Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa., known as the Jacob Good stand, now occupied by John Snyder, is to be let for the year beginning April 1, 1876. Apply to

S. KNORR,
Att'y-at-law,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Jan 7, '76-tf.

GRAND OPENING!

ELIAS MENDENHALL

HAVING resumed the business of Merchandising at his Old Store, on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG,

NEAR THE FORKS HOTEL,

Desires to call the attention of his Friends and the Public generally, o his

NEW, FULL AND VARIED

STOCK OF GOODS,

JUST OPENED,

And solicits a share of public patronage

HIS STOCK CONSISTS OF

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
WILLOWWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
FLOUR AND FEED

In connection with his stock of Merchandise he constantly keeps on hand in his yard,

A FULL STOCK OF

Dressed and Undressed Lumber,

AND SHINGLES OF HIS MANUFACTURE.

Bill Lumber made a speciality.

CALL AND SEE.

Oct. 3, 1878—tf.

BLOOMSBURG

MARBLE WORKS.

T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor,

MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET.

*Manufacturer of and Dealer in all kinds of*

MONUMENTAL MARBLE WORKS

We use the best AMERICAN and ITALIAN Marble. He has on hand and furnishes to order

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEADSTONES,
URNS, VASES, &c.

Every variety of Marble cutting neatly executed at the lowest market prices.

A long practical experience and personal attention to business makes the proprietor confident of giving satisfaction. All orders by mail promptly attended to. P. O. box 297.

*N. B.—Work delivered free of charge.*

Aug. 21, '74-1y. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES

RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &c., &c.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

g1,7-tf

ROLLINS & HOLMES

No. 17 Centre Street.

Plumbers Gas and Steam Fitters

MANUFACTURERS OF

TINWARE,

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE,

WINDOW CAPS,

AWNINGS,

Wire Trellises, &c. Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Baltimore Heaters, Low Down Grates, Mantels, PUMPS, Weather Strips, &c. Also

GAS FIXTURES

of the latest design. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines of every description. Scales, Locks, Bell Hanging, Key Fitting, &c. Private Residences Heated By Steam at a small cost above Hot Air. Feb. 26,'75—tf.

Manhood: HOW Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness, involuntary seminal losses, impotency, mental and physical incapacity, impediments to marriage, etc; also, consumption, epilepsy and fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c

Price, in a sealed envelope, only six cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

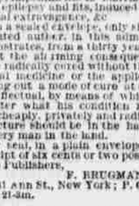
This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers,

F. BRUGMAN & SON,
41 Ann St., New York; P. O. Box 4586.

8, M. P. Jan 21-4m.

PELICAN



GUANO

REGISTERED TRADE-MARK.

AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE.

Circulars and analysis mailed free on application.

For sale by Dealers generally, and by the Importers and Manufacturers,

JOSIAH J. ALLEN'S SONS,

No. 4, South Delaware Ave., Philadelphia

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

LAST NOTICE.

Persons indebted to H. L. Diffenbach for printing or subscription to the COLUMBIAN are hereby notified that his books have for several months past been in the hands of the undersigned for collection, and that settlement of the same must be promptly made.

E. E. OLIVER.

March 17-tf.

NEW GOODS!

A HEAVY STOCK.

Cheaper than Ever!

S. H. MILLER & SON

Have Just Received

the largest and best supply of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE

DRY GOODS,

They have ever offered to their friends and customers.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Satinetts

for MEN'S WEAR,

Cloths, Alapacas, Merinos,

for LADIES' WEAR,

CALICOES, MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,

and every variety of Dry Goods desired.

STOCK OF

Carpets, Mats, Ottomans,

CLOSED OUT AT COST

FAMILY GROCERIES,

including all the varieties of

COFFEES, TEAS and SUGARS,

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

and a general supply of articles useful for the table always on hand.

CALL AND SEE.

Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Oct.30,'74—tf

Important

TO

Gardeners

AND

Agriculturists!

"EMPEROR WILLIAM" CABBAGE.

The best, largest and most profitable variety of winter cabbage known in Europe, and imported to this country, exclusively by us last spring, where, with the most ordinary cultivation, it flourishes astonishingly, attaining an enormous size and selling in the market at prices most gratifying to the producer. In transplanting, great care should be taken to give sufficient space for growth. Solid heads, the size of the mouth of a flour barrel, is the average run of this choice variety. One package of the seed sent postpaid on receipt of 50 cents. Three packages to one address, $1.00. To agents $3 per dozen and 4 three cent stamps.

With each package of seed we send a sure remedy against the ravages of the cabbage fly or other pest, on young and tender plants.

MAMMOTH GOLIAH INDIAN CORN.

We planted last spring on Long Island, a small quantity (which we obtained with great difficulty) of this gigantic seed as yet very rare variety of Indian corn. In September, by actual measurement, a large majority of the stalks stood from 12 to 16 feet in height, and still growing, with from 2 to 5 enormous ears of corn growing on almost every stalk.

The yield was at the rate of 200 bushels of ear corn per acre, while the fodder crop was immense and of fine quality.

We could have sold the entire crop for a big price to a New York seedsman, but declined to do so, preferring to keep the crop for the accommodation of our numerous country patrons, who will find it to their interests to secure at least a small selection of this rare variety for the coming spring planting. Live agriculturists, who believe in "Plotonius" with a small flower (cultivators are poor things,) both ways between the rows will be astounded by the result. We will send by mail to any address 1 package on receipt of 50 cents and 2 three cent stamps, or 3 packages on receipt of $1 and 4 three cent stamps.

Our supply is limited. Parties desiring to secure either of the above rare seeds should not delay their orders. All seed sold by us warranted fresh and to germinate. No goods sent C. O. D. Cash must accompany all orders. For either of above address

FELIX CLARE & CO.,
224 East 113th St., N. Y.

Feb 19-6m.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Electro-Plated Table Ware,

AND

Ornamental Art Work

IN GREAT VARIETY,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Meriden Britannia Company,

550 Broadway, New York.

The best Plated Spoons and Forks are those Silver Plated heaviest on the parts where necessarily the most wear comes, and bearing the Trade Mark.

1847 ROGERS BROTHERS—XII.

N. B.- This great improvement in Silver-Plated Spoons and Forks is applied alike to each grade of Plate, A 1, 8 and 12 oz., as ordered. The Process and Machinery for manufacturing these goods are Patented. The Extra or "Standard Plate" made by this Company is stamped A 1, simply, and is plated 20 per cent, heavier than the ordinary market standard.

First Premiums awarded at all Fairs where exhibited, from World's Fair of 1852 to American Institute Fair, 1875, inclusive.

March 10, '76.-6m.

Awarded the Highest Medal at Vienna.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591, *Broadway, New York.*

(Opp. Metropolitan Hotel.)

MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

CHROMOS AND FRAMES,

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS,

LBUMS, GRAPHOSCOPES & SUITABLE VIEWS.

Photographic Materials.

We are headquarters for everything in the way of

Stereopticons and Magic Lanterns,

Being Manufacturers of the

MICRO-SCIENTIFIC LANTERN,
STEREO-PANOPTICON,
UNIVERSITY STEREOPTICON,
ADVERTISER'S STEREOPTICON,
ARTOPTICON,
SCHOOL LANTERN, FAMILY LANTERN
PEOPLE'S LANTERN,

Each style being the best of its class in the market.

Catalogues of Lanterns and Slides, with directions for using, sent on application.

Any enterprising man can make money with a Magic Lantern.

Cut out this advertisement for reference.

Feb. 18,'76—1m

LOWELL'S Commercial College Binghamton.

AN ACTUAL BUSINESS INSTITUTION AND TELEGRAPHIC NSTITUTE.

For information call at Office, or send for COLLE ADVERTISER. June26-1y

THE "MOODY SHIRT."

MADE TO ORDER ONLY.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

Gentlemen desiring Shirts will please drop us a line and our Agent will call and get the measurement.

Factory No. 26 Lackawanna Avenue.

Address F. O. MOODY,
March 10, '76-1y Scranton, Pa.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

BUFF COCHINS ONLY.

From D. W. Herstine's noted prize winning strain, $2.00 for 13.

A. H. SHARPLESS,
March 17, 1876-3m.* Catawissa, Pa.

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

CHEAP

JOB PRINTING

AT THE

COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

The Columbian Printing Establishment is amply supplied with the necessary Presses, Types and other material for executing all kinds of Printing at low rates and in the most expeditious and satisfactory manner.

CALL AT THE

Columbian Building,

COURT HOUSE ALLEY,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

When special material is required it will be promptly obtained.

Books and Pamphlets,
Hand-Bills and Dodgers,
Large and Small Posters,
Letter and Bill Heads,
Envelopes with Business Cards,
Bussiness, Pic Nic, Wedding and Visiting Cards,
Programmes, Bills of Fare, &c.

Will all be supplied and excuted in superior style, at cheap rates and short notice.

The best workmen are employed and the best material will always be furnished.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

BLOOMSBURG, JUNE 18,1875.


## RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

MAY 30, 1875.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,33 a. m
For Catawissa, 11,33 a. m. and 7,26 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,26 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 9,00 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,10 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 5,30 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 6,30 a. m. and 5,00 p. m.
Passengers coming from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
Jan. 14, 1876—tf. General Superintendent.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1875, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrives | Elmira | 11.50 a. m |
| " | Canandaigua | 3.35 p. m |
| " | Rochester | 5.15 " |
| " | Niagara | 9.40 " |

Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.

Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.

Buffalo Express 7.10 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive | Harrisburg | 4.50 a. m |
| " | Baltimore | 8.40 " |
| Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive | Harrisburg | 1.50 p. m |
| " | Washington | 10.30 " |
| " | Baltimore | 6.30 " |
| " | Washington | 8.30 " |

Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| arrive | Baltimore | 2.25 a. m |
| " | Washington | 6.13 " |

Erie Mail 10.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 p. m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| " | Baltimore | 8.40 " |
| " | Washington | 10.55 " |

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

ON and after SUNDAY, NOV. 21, 1875, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail road Division will run as follows:

*WESTWARD.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FAST LINE | leaves | New York | 9 25 a. m |
| " | " | Philadelphia | 12.55 p. m |
| " | " | Baltimore | 1.20 p. m |
| " | " | Harrisburg | 5.30 p. m |
| " | arr. at | Williamsport | 8.55 p. m |
| " | " | Lock Haven | 10.20 p. m |
| " | " | Bellefonte | 11.40 p. m |
| ERIE MAIL | leaves | New York | m |
| " | " | Philadelphia | m |
| " | " | Baltimore | 9.00 p. m |
| " | " | Harrisburg | 4.25 a. m |
| " | " | Williamsport | 8.35 a. m |
| " | " | Lock Haven | 9.45 a. m |
| " | " | Renovo | 11.05 a. m |
| " | arr. at | Erie | 7.0 p m |
| LIMITED MAIL | leaves | Philadelphia | 7.30 a. m |
| " | " | Baltimore | 7.30 a. m |
| " | " | Harrisburg | 10.45 a. m |
| " | arr. at | Williamsport | 2.25 p. m |
| " | " | Lock Haven | 3.40 p. m |
| " | " | Renovo | 4.45 p. m |
| LOCK HAVEN | leaves | Philadelphia | 8.00 a. m |
| " | " | Baltimore | 8.30 a. m |
| " | " | Harrisburg | 1.25 p. m |
| " | arr. at | Williamsport | 6.10 p. m |
| " | " | Lock Haven | 7.50 p. m |

*EASTWARD.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| PHILA EXPRESS | leaves | Lock Haven | 6.40 a. m |
| " | " | Williamsport | 7.55 a. m |
| " | arrives at | Harrisburg | 11.55 a. m |
| " | " | Baltimore |